Bedford Gazette.

BY GEO. W. BOWMAN. Freedom of Thought and Opinion. TERMS, $2 PER YEAR.

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Select Poetry.

The Closing Year.

There is great beauty and much genuine poetry in the following lines by PRENTICE on the closing year:

Gone! gone forever!—like a rushing wave,
Another year has burst upon the shore
Of earthly being and its last low tones,
Wandering in broken accents on the air,
Are dying to an echo.
The gay Spring
With its young charms has gone—gone with its leaves,
Its atmosphere of roses—its while clouds
Slumbering like seraphs in the air—its birds
Telling their loves in music—and its streams
Leaping and shouting from the up-piled rocks
To make earth echo with the joy of waves;
And Summer, with its dews and showers, has gone.
Its rainbows glowing on the distant cloud,
Like spirits of the storm—its peaceful lakes
Smiling in their sweet sleep, as if their dreams
Were of the opening flowers, and budding trees,
And overhanging sky—and its bright mists
Resting upon the mountain tops, as crowns
Upon the heads of giants. Autumn, too,
Has gone with all her deeper glories—gone
With its green hills, like altars of the world,
Lifting their offerings to their God—
Its cold winds straying 'mid the forest aisles
To wake their thousand wind-harps—its serene
And holy sunsets hanging o'er the west,
Like banners from the battlements of heaven—
And its still evenings, when the moonlit sea
Was ever throbbing, like the living heart
Of the great universe. Ay—these are now
But sounds and visions of the past—their deep,
Wild beauty has departed from the earth,
And they are gathered to the embrace of Death,
Their solemn herald to eternity!

MURDER OF THE U. S. MARSHAL.

One of the most cowardly and heartless acts of murder that we have been called upon to record was committed Saturday evening in a public thoroughfare in one of the most frequented sections of the city. The victim, William H. Richardson, was a gentleman highly esteemed by a large circle of friends in this city, and occupied a high official position in the State.—From all we are able to gather, it appears that Mr. Richardson had some trifling difficulty with a man, named Charles Cora. Mutual friends interfered in the matter and it was supposed that the difficulty had been amicably adjusted.

About 6½ o'clock last evening, Messrs. Richardson and Cora were noticed standing in front of McAllister's building on Clay street, below Montgomery. Several persons, to whom both parties were known, were standing near by, and presently Mr. Richardson was heard to remark:—"Well, is it all right?" Cora replied:—"Yes." They continued to converse in a low tone for some minutes, and by this time Cora had taken hold of the coat collar of the other with the left hand. Richardson suddenly exclaimed: "What are you going to do? Don't shoot me: I am unarmed." At this, Cora produced a small single-barreled pistol, and before he could be prevented, shot Richardson through the heart.

The action was so sudden and unexpected, that the witnesses were for a moment paralyzed, and Cora held his victim against the wall of the house for the space of a few seconds, and then suddenly relaxed his grasp, walked away, but was arrested and placed in the custody of officer Russell, who hastened with him to the Police station. Richardson was taken into the drug store of Messrs. Keith & Co. at the corner of Montgomery and Clay streets, where he expired almost immediately. An immense crowd immediately congregated in that vicinity, and it was found necessary to take the body of the murdered man to some more secluded place, and it was finally taken to the private office of the Clerk of the U. S. District Court. By this time a very large and excited crowd had assembled, completely blocking up the passage of Montgomery street, for a distance of two blocks.

At this time there could not be less than three thousand persons present. The utmost excitement prevailed. The fearful cry of "Hang him! hang him!" was raised. The public pulse beat at a feverish rate, and it is more than probable that if the culprit had been within reach, he would have been executed on the spot. Several persons addressed the assemblage in favor of hanging Cora at once, while others counseled submission to the laws, and spoke in favor of the maintenance of law and order. It was finally put to the vote—a storm of ayes and noes followed. It was found impossible to decide whether there had been a majority in favor of or against hanging without recourse to law. The assembly shortly afterwards broke up into little knots, in which the enormity of the crime which had just been committed was discussed in a very excited manner. Others rushed to the station-house in order to ascertain what disposition had been made of the prisoner.

In the meantime, Cora was conveyed to the Station house, and on being searched, two Derringers were found on his person, one of which had but recently been discharged. When the crowd began to gather about the station house, the officers became alarmed for the safety of their prisoner, and determined upon placing him in the county jail, for greater security. He was accordingly removed there. During the whole of these proceedings, Cora displayed the utmost coolness, and seemed never to have lost his presence of mind. During the walk from the station house to the county jail, he appeared somewhat agitated, and apprehended that he might be taken out of the hands of the officers by the excited people, frequently looking back to ascertain if he was pursued.

The coroner's jury, which subsequently sat upon the body, returned a verdict of premeditated murder against Cora.—*From the San Francisco Herald.*

News From the Salt Lake.

We find the following in the Salt Lake *News* of the 10th October:

On the 22d September, a Utah Indian asked a Mormon named James Wiseman Hunt to go with him from the fort to the herd, a short distance off, to see a horse that Hunt had bought of him. They started, the Indian on horseback and Hunt afoot, and when about a mile from the fort, the Indian directed Hunt's attention to the cattle, a little way off from the horses, and while he was turned, shot him in the back, the ball ranging down diagonally and lodging in the thigh.

One of the herdsmen close by started to give the alarm, and the other one drove the herd on to the fort. In a short time several of the brethren went to bring in Hunt, and when about half way back, the Indians fired upon them, wounding Prest. A. N. Billings in the fore finger of the right hand. Three or four of the party fell a few paces in the rear, and by occasionally firing upon the pursuers, they all succeeded in reaching the fort without further loss or injury.—Brother Hunt lingered about thirteen hours and died.

Within an hour and a half after their return, some Indians on the bluff near by told the men in the fort that they would kill the two men who had previously gone out, and were then returning, and immediately fired seven rounds, killing, as they afterwards stated, brothers William Behunin and Edward Edwards, the two who were out.

During the same day, the Indians burned the hay, and turned off the water that supplied the fort.

At daylight the next morning, the Indians began to gather round in great numbers, and there being no prospect of a speedy reconciliation, the remaining thirteen brethren, by the advice of friendly Indians, took their horses and started for Manti, leaving their enemies quarreling over the cattle and spoils in the fort.

Frightful Butchery in Canton.

Our Hong Kong dates are to Sept. 15.

According to the *Friends of China*, Canton was the scene of frightful butcheries. On the 10th of September, a rebel chief was cut into two hundred pieces, and five hundred poor wretches were executed with him. The correspondent of the *China Mail* writing from Canton, says:

"By a report obtained from good authority, it appears that over 70,000 have been publicly executed in Canton since Feb. 15, or Chinese New Year. About 27,000 were put to death at Shanking-fo, and 20,000 at the taking of the fort at Bleinheim Reach. In many places houses have been erected, where suspected persons are allowed to commit suicide, and thus protect their posthumous reputation. On the 9th of September, one of the leaders, named Kane Sin, was put to death by a lingering process, having been sawed in 108 pieces. This leader threatened the northern part of the city last autumn and winter. More than 500 others were executed the same day.

In the North China *Herald*, of the 8th of September, there is a detailed account of a cruise against the Northern pirates, in which the British sloops Bittern and Paoushun destroyed eleven junks—six they set on fire, four sunk, and one surrendered without being fired into, and was handed over to the mandarins at Tang-chew-foo, the captain of her giving most important information.

The China *Mail*, of the 15th September, furnishes the following later intelligence, from the North China *Herald*, of the 8th:

The *Pekin Gazette* reports repeated victories over the Rebels at Ch'aou-chow, Fung-ch'uen, on the borders of Kwang-se, at Hoomen, and Lung-ch'uen, in the northeast of Kwang-tung; the recovery of Poh-lo, a district-city east of Canton, and the expulsion of the Rebels from Kwan-yang, who seized upon Tungngan, where the Imperial troops are besieging them.

There is no intelligence from the Allied Fleets in the North except that Admiral Stibling has detached a force under Com. Elliott, sufficient to cope with the Russian Fleet, should he again have the luck to fall in with it: while the Admiral himself, fortunately, perhaps, winds up another season in the mazes of Japanese diplomacy.

A FAMILY POISONED BY EATING DISEASED MUTTON.—The family of Mr. Fox, residing at 149 First Avanue, were accidentally poisoned by eating diseased mutton, purchased by Mrs. Fox, on Wednesday of last week, at Washington Market. It appears that the leg of mutton was boiled on Thanksgiving day, but not partaken of until the following Saturday, when Mrs. Fox, her two daughters and a female visitor partook of some soup which had been prepared from it on that day, and were soon taken sick. Drs. Downes, O'Rork and Brady were called in and administered medicines which gave relief, but the cause of the sickness was not attributed to the mutton. On the following Wednesday the meat remaining was made into a hash, and partaken of by the whole family, all of whom were immediately taken sick, and on the following day Mrs. Fox died. Before her death she stated where she had procured the mutton. Coroner O'Donnell was notified of the occurrence yesterday, and proceeded to the house for the purpose of investigating the case, but owing to the impossibility of procuring the necessary witnesses, he was obliged to adjourn the investigation until to day. Dr. O'Rork made a Post mortem examination of the body, but found no poison. The contents of the stomach will, however, be subjected to a chemical analysis. Efforts are being made to ascertain from whom the diseased meat was purchased. Mr. Fox and three of his children, and the visitor in question, are now seriously ill from the effect of eating the meat.

The Expedition for Camels.

The Washington *Star* contains a letter from Major Wayne, U. S. A., the officer in charge of the expedition of this Government to procure camels to be brought hither with the view of experimenting for their future employment in U. S. military transportation, especially on our great Western deserts. The letter is dated Constantinople, Oct. 31, and gives an interesting account of the writer's visit to the Crimea, and his kind reception by several English officers. He found there both the Batrician two-humped camel, and the Arabian, or one humped; but the latter alone seemed to be used for the purpose of military transportation, and to these there are objections. Major W. further says:

Col. McMurdo informed me that in the expedition against Sinde he had in service about twenty-five thousand camels, and that from his experience he esteemed them highly; so much so, that he had then at Sinope, three thousand of them, in addition to the few now in use in the Crimea, in readiness for the campaign next spring. The loads they will carry depend much, he said, upon the service in which they are employed—rapid movements naturally requiring light burdens—but their average loads, under favorable circumstances, he stated to be about six hundred pounds, and these they will carry easily, without pushing, twenty-five or thirty miles a day. He mentioned the interesting fact, which I do not remember to have heard before, that during the expedition against Sinde, General Napier organized a most efficient corps of one thousand men, mounted upon five hundred dromedaries—two men to each dromedary—the men sitting back to back, one facing the head, the other the tail, and both armed with rifles and sabres. The man facing the head was the animal's groom and driver, and the manner of using the corps was as follows:

Upon arriving at the scene of operations the dromedaries are made to kneel, in square, under charge of their five hundred drivers, forming as it were, a base of operations, from which the other five hundred operated as infantry. As the advanced body moved, the square or squares, if more than one was formed, if required, were also moved: and in case of extremity, the square offered a cover under which the one thousand men could find comparative shelter behind the animals, who were prevented from rising by a hobble on the fore leg, and use their rifles most effectively. This corps, Col. McMurdo informed me, could be readily marched 70 miles in any direction in twelve hours, (5 5-6 miles per hour,) and rendered throughout the campeign most efficient service.

Gen. Simpson also bore testimony to the value of the camel in the same campaign, and said he preferred them to the best English horses.—Major Wayne had abandoned his contemplated visit to Persia, as before he could return the roads would be blocked up with snow. He would proceed next to Syria or Egypt, for dromedaries, and then back to Smyrna for burden camels, in the expectation of commencing his return home sometime in the month of February.

WEAR A SHAWL.—If you want to be in fashion, wear a shawl; if to ladies, an attraction, wear a shawl; if to sheep and cows, a terror, or like shanghais in full feather, or even rags upon the heather, wear a shawl: if your hips are badly moulded or your shirt and vest unfolded or unpleasant to behold—wear a shawl! If you're courting same fine linuet, wear a shawl—you might wrap your lassie in it—in your shawl. —Its like charity on pins, and hides a multitude of sins—although it causes grins—does your shawl. If you want to be a dandy, wear a shawl—or have a cover handy—wear a shawl —In a word it is a most useful article—as you may wrap your feet, head, body, knees, make a seat, a blanket, a bed, a muff, a pillow, a wrapsical or a Scotch plaid of your shawl.—In our perambulations through the city, we notice some very tasteful articles of shawls for gentlemen. They are most fanciful in style and color, and can only be excelled by the fanciful manner in which they are worn. Wear a shawl by all means—or if you can't wear a shawl—wear a blanket—wear something ridiculous and be in fashion. Such is the advice of the local man of the Petersburg Democrat.

The Execution of Gorman.

As the day draws near for the execution of this unfortunate man—who was convicted of the murder of Charles Johnson, and is to be hung on Friday—the interest in relation thereto increases, and hundreds are making use of all sorts of expedients to witness the disgusting spectacle. The Sheriff's office is run down with applicants, but it is the determination of the Sheriff to admit no others but those whose presence may be necessary. The City Guard have been notified to be in attendance in the yard of the jail, and twelve policemen, with an assistant captain, from each of the districts of the western portion of the city, are to be detailed without the walls to preserve order.—The gallows to be used is the same on which Reilly was hung four years ago.—*From the N. Y. Tribune, Dec. 19.*

THE NOVELTIES OF UTAH.—A private letter from Provo city, Utah county, U. T., (fifty miles from Great Salt Lake,) contains the following items of intelligence:

We live in sight of snow the year round.—We can, as it were, pick flowers with one hand and gather snow with the other. It is warm in the valleys; healthy, pleasant and fruitful, with seldom any rain, but we have plenty of mountain streams to irrigate our fields and gardens, so that the latter do not suffer for want of moisture. We have no fever and ague: there is always a mountain breeze which affords us a very pure atmosphere. Groceries are very high; coffee and sugar sell at fifty cents per pound; calico is from twenty to thirty cents per yard, and other things are in proportion. We have been very busily engaged in making sugar, which is manufactured from a sort of honey-dew or sugar coating, which falls on the leaves of the cottonwood trees, and resembles the frosting on cake. There have been several thousand pounds of sugar made from this substance within a few days, and it sells readily at forty cents per pound.

OCCUPATION.—The following thoughts on occupation we extract from Mrs. Stephens' "Old Homestead."

Occupation! what a glorious thing it is for the human heart. Those who work hard seldom yield themselves entirely up to fancied or real sorrow. When grief sits down, folds its hands, and mournfully feeds upon its own tears, weaving the dim shadow, that a little exertion might sweep away, into a funeral pall, the strong spirit is shorn of its might, and sorrow becomes our master. When troubles flow upon you, dark and heavy, toil not with the waves—wrestle not with the torrent!—rather seek, by occupations, to divert the dark waters that threaten to overwhelm you, into a thousand channels which the duties of life always present. Before you dream of it, those waters will fertilize the present, and give birth to fresh flowers that will become pure and holy, in the sunshine which penetrates to the path of duty, in spite of every obstacle. Grief after all, is but a selfish feeling: and most selfish is the man who yields himself to the indulgence of any which bring no joy to his fellow man.

THE GRAVE OF MADISON.—A correspondent of the Fredericksburg *News*, in Culpepper county, Va., gives a melancholy picture of the illustrious Madison. He lies with his family in a grave yard a short distance from his house, upon his estate of Montpelier. The family cemetery is surrounded by a brick wall, and the gate is entirely down. The correspondent says that not a stone marks the great man's resting place: dark, running green box wraps it with verdue, and the tracery of branches from an old chesnut tree, relieving itself against the warm azure sky, nod and wave over the mountain.—'Tis a solemn, calm, and peaceful spot. The correspondent adds that Mrs. Madison's remains are in the vault of the Congressional burial ground in Washington. Her direction was to be interred by the side of her husband, but her son has never fulfilled her request.

PIG HUNT IN THE CRIMEA.—"Carl Benson" sends the following account of an extraordinary hunt, cut from an English paper:—

Soon after getting into the village I saw a most ludicrous pig hunt. I heard a shot fired, followed by the furious squealing of a pig, so I rushed on with my servant (whom I had taken with me, with his musket;) before I came up to the French, I heard pop, popping, in all directions, but the pig seemed to have a charmed life, and was only wounded. I came up to him standing at bay, in the middle of a pool of water, and took a deliberate shot, but missed him. My servant then fired and missed him. I rushed on to get another shot, but fell flat on my face in the mud.

The pig then got into the middle of the French again, who fired one after the other, missing him, and firing as usual without caring the least in what direction, so that one heard the not very pleasant "ping" of the Minie balls going in all directions (I think one servant who went in, of ours, got a slight scratch on the hand from a slug out of one of their pieces.)—Well the undanted pig rushed on, followed by the French, stabbing at him by their bayonets and cutlasses, and falling over on their faces afterwards. You never saw such a scene: at last, in doubling back, some one again wounded him, and immediately about 20 sailors' cutlasses and soldiers' bayonets were dashing into him.—As they carried him past in triumph, he looked more like a pincushion than anything else.

REMARKABLE DREAMS.—The belief that *dreams are prophetic* is held by many worthy and sensible people. Perhaps none of us have escaped the influence of what we call a "bad dream"—the heavy dread of some undefined calamity pursuing us through the day following the dream, perhaps many days afterwards. The familiar proverb "dreams go by contraries" administered! almost invariably as some kind of consolation under these circumstances, shows how deep-seated and universal is the superstition it be. The "astrologers," or fortune-tellers who infest our large cities, make the interpretation of dreams a large and profitable share of their business. The practice of laying a piece of wedding cake under one's pillow is still extant, and many other illustrations might be given of the common belief in the prophetic power of dreams.

Of cases of remarkable dreams fulfilled, books and newspapers are full—most of these stories, of course, are apocryphal. When the facts are admitted, mental philosophers explain them by saying that a strong mental emotion is embodied into a dream and is fulfilled by some natural coincidence. The case ralated of the lady who dreamed of the loss of her husband in the Artic and whose dream was fulfilled both as to the time and as to some of the circumstances of the events may be explained, by the fact of her nervous anxiety and that her husband's absence at sea predisposed her to dream of a wreck, &c.—But authenticated cases are cited which hardly admits of this explanation, and Abererombie himself admits that analysis of an extensive collection of well authenticated facts would unfold principles of very great interest.

One remarkable case we are tempted to cite both from the authority on which it rests, and as an illustration of a class. It is related by De Quincey in his "Literary Reminiscences," lately re-issued in this country. A lady of family and consideration, being on the eve of undertaking a distant visit, dreamed that on reaching the end of her journey, and drawing up to the steps of the door, a footman, with a very marked and forbidding expression of countenance, his complexion pale and bloodless, and manner sullen, presented himself to let down the steps of her carriage. This same man, at a subsequent point of her dream, appeared to be stealing up a private stair-case, with some murderous instruments in his hands, towards a bedroom door. This dream was repeated twice. Some time after the lady, accompanied by a grown-up daughter, accomplished her journey. Great was the shock [illegible] ited her on reaching her friend's [illegible], corresponding in all points to t[illegible]ry outlines of her dream, equally bloodl[illegible]n complexion, and equally gloomy in manner, appeared at her carriage door. The issue of the story is—that in a particular night, the lady grew unaccountably nervous: resisted her feelings for some time, but at length, at the entreaty of her daughter, suffered some communication to be made to a gentleman resident in the house, who had not yet retired to rest. This gentleman, struck by the dream, and still more on recalling some suspicious preparations, as if for hasty departure, in which he had detected the servant, waited in concealment until three o'clock in the morning at which time hearing a stealthy step on the staircase, he issued with fire arms, and met the man at the lady's door, so equipped as to leave no doubt of his intentions: which possibly contemplated only robbing of the lady's jewels, but possibly also murder in case of extremity.

A story something like this is related in Abercrombie's Intellectual Powers, but in the case cited above, the names and residence of the parties were known to DeQuincey, and the story, so well authenticated, is the most striking and remarkable, (particularly the circumstance of the anticipation of servants' features, which DeQuincey notes in contrast with Abercrombie's anecdote) which we ever met in connection with this class of mental phenomena.—*Albany Express.*

INDIAN WAR IN OREGON.

Lieut. Dryer, of the 4th Infantry, arrived in this city day before yesterday, directly from the Dalles, on the Columbia river. Lieut. D. was the officer left in command at the Dalles while Major Haller marched with his party of 102 men against the Indians of Washington territory, and was forced to cut his way back, of which we have published accounts. Information was received at the Dalles that immediately after Haller's retreat, some other tribes of Indians, before that time neutral, joined the war party, and now it is estimated there are at least 4000 warriors prepared for hostilities. Major Raines, of the 4th Infantry, with ten companies of troops—eight regulars and two volunteers—being about 800 men, was intending to march from the Dalles against these Indians on the 2d November, and expected to meet the enemy about four days march from that post, when a battle no doubt would be fought. It will be a hard battle too, as the Indians will make one determined stand, as they are well armed with the Hudson Bay Company and American rifles.

The Indians are supposed to have plenty of amunition, as on the dead body of one killed in the fight with Haller, sixty rounds of amunition were found. The savages have no doubt been preparing for this war for two or three years back, as they have driven their horses and cattle up into the English possessions north of Washington Territory.

Fatal Accident.

COPAKE, Columbia Co., N. Y., Dec. 7, 1855.

A distressing accident occurred near Copake Flats on Thursday last. Mr. Cornelius Winters, who was digging a well, had excavated to the depth of about twenty feet, when the bank fell, completely covering him. Some persons present immediately removed the earth from his head, and he was found to be alive and capable of speaking. The neighbors at once assembled, and proceeded so far in rescuing him from his position, that the whole upper part of the body was free, and the unfortunate man was able himself to render some assistance toward his extrication, when the bank again gave way, covering him to the neck. Renewed efforts were made to set him at liberty, but at the very instant of seeming success, the earth fell upon him for the third time, killing him instantly. The sides of the well were then properly curbed, and the body of the man was recovered Friday afternoon.

SMALL BILLS.—The Boston *Courier* says that the plan of prohibiting, by Legislative enactment, the circulation of small bills under the denomination of five dollars, is gaining favor with the public, and if carried out, would probably do more to check the inflation of paper money than almost any other financial measure that could be adopted. A sounder condition of the currency would be better for the solidity of the banks, safer for the public, and preventive, to some extent, of sudden revulsions.

ANOTHER ELOPEMENT.—The southern section of the city has been in a considerable state of excitement for several days past in consequence of the disappearance of a well known citizen under circumstances which are to say the least, not very reputable. A few weeks since the wife of the party in question left the city for the purpose of visiting her friends in the country. Soon after she left, the husband disposed of certain personal property, and subsequently drew several thousands of dollars from bank, and disappeared from the city. At the same time a young lady also disappeared. A few days since the wife returned to her home, when she found a letter bearing her address and enclosing a check for $500. He stated that he was going west for the purpose of purchasing a farm, but she has heard nothing of him since, nor was she apprised of his intention before his departure. The parties have heretofore held a respectable position in society.—*From the Baltimore American, Dec. 11.*

A Thrilling Adventure.

We copy the following letter from the Lancaster (Pa.) Whig:

JERSEY SHORE, Pa., Nov. 20, 1855.—Mr. Editor: In the early history of this country, we read of many remarkable adventures and thrilling episodes in the lives of hunters and pioneers, that appears quite marvelous: but probably there are none possessed of more deep and thrilling interest than the following, which occurred recently: The hero of this adventure, Arvine Clark, Esq., is a highly respectable citizen of the borough of Jersey Shore, and in the employ of the "Farming and Land Association," as agent, which is establishing a new colony near the site of the Ole Bull settlement. Being an experienced woodsman and an old hunter, he is peculiarly fitted as an agent to explore the wilds of that region. The story was related to the witer by Mr. C. himself, and may be relied upon as being correct.

On the 4th of November last, Mr. C. was exploring the route for a new road to the settlement, through a wild and gloomy wilderness.—As the shades of evening drew on he commenced to retrace his steps, as he supposed, through the lands of Wm. Silver, of Philadelphia, but he was disappointed and lost his way. He became alarmed, and as the dusky shades of night were setting around, he found himself in a dense forest, at least eight miles from the settlement. Becoming very tired from rapid walking, he sat down upon a log to rest a moment and contemplate his situation. His attention was suddenly arrested by a rustling in the bushes close by, and on cautiously looking around, beheld a huge bear coming towards him. To draw up his trusty rifle and shoot the beast was the work of a moment. Bruin gave a fearful and awful roar, which awoke the echoes of the gloomy solitude, and then was still. Fearing that the beast was only wounded, Clarke hastily reloaded his gun with two balls *the last in his pouch*, and discharged them into the body of the monster, when he cautiously approached and found that he was dead. He describes the roar of the beast, as he received his death wound as terrific, and calculated to make the stoutest heart quail with fear.

A dark and gloomy night was setting down on him—he had no bullets for his gun—was far in the wilderness without food or shelter, surrounded by wild animals. He had no matches to kindle a fire—his situation was desperate, and to add to his further discomfort, it commenced raining. What was to be done? To remain there without a fire was exceedingly dangerous. With these reflections he continued to groupe his way through the laurel, hoping to find a path that might lead to some hunter's habitation, but in vain. The night was dark as Egypt, and the howling of a pack of wolves greeted his ear. Being an old man, he soon became exhausted, and found that he would have to remain there for the night. Coming to an aged hemlock, he seated himself at its root for the night. Could he but obtain a fire he would be comparatively safe. The effort was made by collecting some dry materials, and loading his gun with powder, fired the charge into a dry cotton handkerchief.

It was a failure! As the gun was discharged, another bear, apparently within twenty feet of him, gave a hideous and awful roar that made Clarks hair stand on an end. Bruin was terribly frightened by the discharge of the gun, and hastily scampered off, much to the relief of Clark, who now began to fairly realize the danger of his situation.

Here he remained not daring to fall asleep. About two o'clock in the morning, to add to the horrors of his situation, the yell of a panther was heard. The beast approached—came nearer every few minutes, uttering a screech that froze the blood in his veins! As a last resort to defend him from the savage attack of the animal, he reloaded his gun, putting in some three cent pieces and steel pens, (for he had nothing else) which he hoped might do some execution. The animal came so near that the glare of his eyes in the darkness resembled two balls of fire! Clark expected every moment to receive the fatal spring. There he remained, without daring to move: with the fiery eyes of the panther upon him! In this dreadful situation, expecting every moment to be torn in pieces, he remained till break of day: when he was relieved from danger and the animal disappeared. Hungry, weary and excited, he left for the settlement, where he arrived about noon, and related his thrilling adventure. A party proceeded to the place where the bear was shot, and brought in his carcase, which proved to be a large one. It was dressed and forwarded to New York. It was several days before Clark fairly recovered from the fatigue, the fear, and excitement of that night, which will never be removed from his mind.

THE GRAT FIRE AT MEMPHIS.—The following incidents are furnished by the Memphis papers:

"Three gentlemen jumped over from the outside of the Collier—one never rose to the surface, one came up but sunk after a few ineffectual struggles, and the third was picked up by a yawl after having floted half mile down the river. He was nearly exhausted, and completely numbed with cold, and, in fact, has not yet recovered from the effects. A young lady about sixteen jumped into the river, and was saved by a gentleman who plunged in after her, and seizing her by the hair brought her out. A negro was seen floating by the wharf-boat, and although boxes, barrels, and a rope were thrown to him, he was too paralyzed to avail himself of the means of succor, and sank before he reached the stern. Several were saved by life-preservers, but others were rendered powerless by fear, and plunged into the river. One poor negro, on being told to jump into the river replyed he could not swim. He was told to jump and he would be picked up by the yawl: he took the leap, and never rose to the surface."

☞We are informed that a person who desires to remain unkown has addressed to the chief of the Russian legation a check for four thousand dollars to be transmitted to government. The unknown donor, who only signed the initials M. Y., states in his letter that, full of admiration for the gallant defence of Sebastopol, he sends this liberal sum of money to be distributed among the widows and orphans of the Russian soldiers who fell bravely fighting for their homes against foreign aggressors.—*Wash. Union.*

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, Dec. 28, 1855.

G. W. Bowman, Editor and Proprietor.

Democratic County Meeting!

The Democracy of Bedford County will meet, in Mass meeting, at the Court House in Bedford on MONDAY EVENING of the approaching Court to choose conferees to meet those of Fulton and Somerset to select a Senatorial delegate to the next State Convention, and to make other arrangements for a full and thorough organization of the Democratic Party of Bedford County.—It is hoped that every Democrat who can make it convenient to attend will do so. Several speeches will be made on the occasion.

JOHN P. REED,
Chairman County Committee.

Declaration of Independence No 2 Necessary!

The fathers and founders of our Liberties entered not upon the unequal struggle of the Revolution until they had exhausted every means and effort and hope to effect a reconciliation with their British brethren. In the touching story of their hardships they declare: "We have reminded them of the circumstances of OUR EMIGRATION AND SETTLEMENT HERE. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them by the ties of our common kindred to disavow their usurpations, which would inevitably interrupt our connexions and correspondence. They too have been deaf to the voice of justice and consanguinity." Driven at last by British misrule and oppression, they unsheathed the sword. They appealed to the God of armies, in attestation of the righteousness of their cause—they addressed themselves to the world in a published declaration of their rights, as well as of the grievances, the wrongs and injuries they endured from the parent country—and the God of battles crowned their arms with success, and the world sympathised with them. France sent to our aid her chivalrous soldiers with Lafayette at their head. "They came—they saw—they conquered" with us; and not a vestige of British power was left on this hallowed soil of liberty—henceforth and forever to be overspread by the protecting wings and talons of the American Eagle.

After the glorious Declaration of Independence was ratified and proclaimed by the assembled Conscript Fathers of the Republic on the 4th of July 1776—after the consummation of American emancipation from British bondage by the blood and heroic labors of Washington, and the rest of our immortal liberators—who could imagine that a day was ever to dawn, which was to prove that all the torrents of revolutionary blood that had been shed were shed in vain—when America was to RETROGRADE in the march of freedom, and falsely-called Americans were to arise, to undo the matchless work of American heroism, the great achievement of the revolution? Yet so it is, the very *gravamine*, wrongs, injustices, and monstrous political evils inflicted by British barbarity on the infant colonies—and to free this country from which, so much blood and treasure have been lavished, are all re-produced in our midst by a set of degenerate natives, improperly styled Americans—but truly called KNOW NOTHINGS. We have only to substitute *this barbarous* appellation, *befitting Goths and Vandals*, for that of "British," and there is not a single detail of wrong or outrage perpetrated by England against us, as set forth in the Declaration of Independence, but can be alleged against the Know Nothings, and has been literally committed by them *whenever* and *wherever* in power. Every flagrant injury there described, which made the blood of the revolutionary heroes boil, and their swords leap from their scabbards, may be most truthfully charged on this foul faction. "The history of Know Nothings, (to appropriate to them the words said by our fathers of the British tyrant King George the Third in the instrument alluded to,) is a history of *repeated injuries and usurpations*, all having in direct object the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these States." Read the crimes and outrages, as unfolded in the Declaration of Independence, and then compare and contrast them with "the injuries and usurpations" of our Know Nothing tyrants. Look on that Picture and then on this, and decide.

To prove this let facts be submitted to a candid world.

They have refused their assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary, and given it to others the most injurious and absurd.

They have forbidden their Governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, and charged them to pass laws the most unconstitutional, oppressive, and disfranchising to vast numbers of our fellow-citizens.

They have refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless these people would relinquish *their right to worship God according to the dictates of their conscience*, a right inestimable to them and formidable to tyrants only.

They have called together legislative bodies for the *express* purpose of robbing citizens of their inalienable rights, aiming to deprive them of the elective franchise, declaring them ineligible to any office of trust, honor or emolument, and debarring them from the *sacred* right to hold or apply, as they judge fit, all property left by themselves for religious purposes and charities.

They have, by seeking to gain a legislative majority through undue means, effectually dissolved representative houses, repeatedly, for opposing with manly firmness their invasions on the rights of the people.

They have endeavored to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose obstructing the laws of naturalization of Foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migration hither, and raising the conditions of new appropriated lands.

They have obstructed the administration of justice by refusing their assent to laws which would make all citizens, whether native or foreign, *equal* in the eye of the law.

They have, by *party promises and threats*, made Judges dependent on their will alone, for the tenure of their offices and payment of their salaries.

They have created a multitude of *new offices*, and sent hither *swarms* of officers, to harass our people and *eat out* their substance, (as in our goodly city of Philadelphia and elsewhere.)

They have combined with others to subject us to a JURISDICTION (the midnight oath-bound Conclave) *foreign to our Constitution and unacknowledged by our laws*, giving their assent to acts of *Lodge* pretened legislation.

For quartering large *secret* bodies of *armed bullies* amongst us at election times.

For protecting themselves, by a *mock trial*, from punishment for *any murders* which they shall commit on the inhabitants of these States, in the *discharge of their right of suffrage at the Polls* (as in Louisville, New Orleans and Baltimore.)

For imposing taxes on us without our consent.

For depriving us in many cases of the benefits of trial by jury—holding their *secret extra-judicial oaths* paramount to all others, especially when any of our citizens of *foreign birth*, or of a different *religion* from other citizens, are concerned.

For taking away the RELIGIOUS CHARTERS of many of our citizens, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering fundamentally the powers of our governments.

For suspending our legislatures virtually, by their efforts to attain ascendancy, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever (even to a simple beverage.)

They have plundered our citizens, burnt the houses, the Churches, and destroyed the lives of our people.

They have excited domestic insurrections amongst us in our North-Western borders, and especially in our southern States, and have endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of these States, the Negro slave population whose known rule of warfare is, when roused to vengeance, undistinguished dest[illegible] of all ages, sects and conditions.

From this fair impartial [illegible] instituted between the *acts* of the K[illegible] Nothings and the *evils* and *wrongs* denounced by our glorious patriots of "'76," it would seem that there is the strongest possible resemblance between our British oppressors of old and them.—They appear to have studied the immortal instrument of our political redemption only for the express purpose of ascertaining and re-enacting all the "injuries and usurpations" there held up to the world's abhorrence by the heroes and sages of the American Revolution. Of a truth, if General Washington had caught such characters during the Revolutionary War, they would have

"Dangled on the nearest tree"

as traitors and tories who had thus fraternized with the common enemy, who, in the Declaration of Independence, is pronounced guilty "*of cruelty and perfidy scarcely parelleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy of a civilized nation.*" The usual language of Washington and his Generals in their proclamations was: "All who should, IN ANY MANNER, aid the enemy, would be considered as traitors, and should suffer *the utmost rigor of the law.*"—(Vide Marshal's life of Washington.) What then would the American saviours of their country have done to those who would seek to re-establish the bondage and monstrous principles of tyranny to overthrow which they mutually pledged to each other THEIR LIVES, THEIR FORTUNES, AND THEIR SACRED HONORS."

Since then there is such evident likeness—such perfect identity of spirit and views between our know nothing task masters and our former British enslavers, a magnanimous resolve similar to that passed by the patriots of Congress the 2d July, 1776, should be adopted and proclaimed by the entire American people, viz:

Resolved, That these United Colonies are and of right ought to be Free and Independent States, that they are absolved from all allegiance to the Know-Nothing, secret oath-bound Despotism, and that all political connexion between them and the said faction is and ought to be totally dissolved."

Assuredly a new Declaration of Independence is now imperatively demanded, not against the tyrant King George the Third of Great Britain, but against the tyrant King Sam the First of Great Know Nothingdom; and the illustrious signers of this Document are to be all the Freeman of the United States at the polls assembled in 1856. This will be called the ever-memorable Epoch of AMERICA REDEEMED—of LIRERTY RECOVERED.

"From the caverns of darkness thy day-springs shall dawn,
Ye Know-Nothing tyrants beware:
Your names shall decay like vapors of morn,
Or vanish like phantoms of air.
Thy Temple, O Freedom! with grandeur shall rise,
Its basis the earth, its summit the skies,
And firm as creation shall last."

☞ Our friend TRAUGH, of the Standard, corrects us in a statement we made a week or two since viz: "that Hollidaysburg has long been in want of a good Hotel"—and avers that, during a residence of fifteen years in the place, he never knew it to be without half a dozen or *less* of as good Hotels as can be found in any place of its size between Pittsburg and Philadelphia." We stand corrected, with the single remark, that a number of our people, on visiting the town, have failed to find them! Some folks, however, never can hit upon a "streak of good luck."—The "Exchange," by Maj. WINGATE, we can safely say is such a house as the Standard speaks of.

☞ If an Attorney to the Poor House is as unnecessary as the fifth wheel to a wagon—how much is the services of an Attorney worth to the Commissioners of the County?

If the Treasurer to the Poor House is only worth $35 a year, how much more valuable is the services of the Treasurer to the County?

If the services of the Clerk to the Poor House is worth but $25 a year, how much should the Clerk to the Commissioners be worth?

Will some of the K. N. "Reformers" answer, in order that they may not stand in the attitude of being strangled by gnats whilst swallowing camels with impunity?

CONGRESS

Has not yet organized, owing to the *fight* beween the "*Natives*" as to which faction among them shall obtain the Spoils. In the meantime, the interests of those they represent are entirely disregarded, and the Peoples' money is squandered with a degree of recklessness heretofore unheard of. The last *Know Nothing* Legislatures in the different States, and the present Know Nothing Congress, will stand as monuments of corruption and iniquity such as have never disgraced any other party that ever existed in this country.

☞ Attention is directed to the advertisement of Town Property, Saw Mill Property, &c. for sale by Messrs. MANN & SPANG.

The Pennsylvanian.

This able and reliable Democratic Journal, located in the city of Philadelphia, will appear in the form of a double-sheet, published on elegant new type, on the first of January next, which will make it one of the largest as it is now one of the best Democratic papers in the Union. Col. RICE, the Proprietor, deserves great credit for the enterprise which has characterized his conduct since he became the editor of the "Pennsylvanian," and we hope this handsome improvement will meet with ample encouragement at the hands of the Democracy of the country.

Wilson Reilly, Esq.

☞ This eloquent defender of Democratic Principles, and well known as one of the ablest and most attractive Speakers in the State, will be present to address the Democratic meeting in Bedford at the approaching Court, and hence we feel warranted in saying that all who attend will return home pleased. Mr. Reilly was the late Democratic candidate for Congress; but the time was so short between his nomination and the election that he had but little time to visit and address the people. As he will most likely be our candidate next fall, we should like the people of the county, generally, to hear and see him.

The Presidential election, which takes place next fall, makes it highly necessary that the Democracy of Bedford County should fully organize at an early day, and thus be able to give a majority for our candidate that will do credit to the intelligence of our citizens.

Those Democrats who abandoned their dearly cherished principles to join the Know Nothings, and who now see their error, are cordially invited to come back—and to those Whigs who are disgusted with the course taken by their leaders, we also extend a cordial invitation to come and go with us in the great national struggle of 1856.

☞ The State Legislature meets on next Tuesday, and we trust their deliberations will show a handsome contrast to the motley crew of K. N. Abolitionists now assembled at the National Metropolis.

☞ A Happy New Year to all.

THE PLUNDERERS!

"This is only one feature of the regular system of plunder practiced by the "Democracy." The cohesive power of public plunder being the only power that holds the party together, every Democrat, when in office, regards it as a duty to steal all he can himself, and allow others the same privilege."

This extract is copied from the Morning *Herald* of last Monday. Its source scarcely entitles it to a notice at our hands, but it is so very low—so detestably mean—so entirely characteristic—and withal so much in accordance with the arguments generally used by the opposition against the Democratic party, that we claim the indulgence of our readers for dwelling upon it a moment.

Human nature is fallible, and all experience teaches that there are specimens of the *genus homo* who wear the smooth, frank expression of honesty to cover hearts "deceitful above all things and desperately wicked." Such men, we admit, (and we admit it with a tinge of shame,) have been and are to be found in the Democratic party. They seek its embrace as a means to aid them in accomplishing their nefarious purposes, just as the hypocrite seeks the pale of the visible church to deceive the world and cheat the devil. The former sing pæans to Democracy while they plot and counterplot how to betray their fellow men, while the latter joins in the worship of the sanctuary while his heart is concocting schemes to cheat his God. These festering sores upon humanity will always exist, and the utmost that honest men can do is to punish them for their wickedness and despise them for their treachery.

But we are far from admitting that the Democratic party holds a larger number of these scoundrels than any other party. We do not even concede that it contains as many. Look at the past history of the old whig party, (peace to its ashes!) and what dark shadows loom up there! See the gloomy outline of the United States bank arising, while the wails of thousands of wretched homes ascend upon the air! Behold the damning iniquity of the Galphin swindle blotting the records of a Whig Administration and Whig Cabinet officers! And how many petty crimes in our own State and neighborhood cluster around these pyramids of wrong—all the offspring of Whig principles and the acts of Whig professors! And yet we do not pretend to say that that old party was entirely corrupt. No, there was honesty in it; honest men adhered to it: but all this honesty produced in its day very little good.

And the American, the Know-Nothing party, is it above suspicion? We trow not. Massachusetts Legislation and Kentucky elections are occurrences of two recent date to require more than a mere mention. Are the thousand and one instances of falsity, treachery, perjury, of that party forgotten? No they are familiar as household words, and will be remembered when the participators in them shall moulder in the dust—despised and forgotten.

But it may be said that all this is not answering the Herald. True, recrimination is not argument. We did not intend to answer that paper. We desire merely to show what kind of men raise the hugh and cry against Democracy, and we can only account for their bitterness by presuming that they are afraid to look inwardly. The cunning fox often employs a ruse to divert the pursuers from the right track.

While we cannot deny that men professing to be Democrats have committed wrong acts, yet we can say that the party never took them to its arms, after the wrong was committed, and attempted to shield them from just punishment. On the contrary it was always first to have the guilty punished and the wrong righted. This fact is, of itself, sufficient to answer all the billingsgate of the Herald and kindred prints, and with it we shall leave them to reflect upon their own political acts, conscious that they can find plenty of food for unpleasant fancy and plenty of crimes requiring repentance.—Harrisburg Union and Patriot, Dec. 21.

Governor of Wisconsin.

A dispatch from Milwaukee, dated December 17, conveys the gratifying intelligence that the Board of Canvassers have declared William A. Barstow, the Democratic candidate for Governor, elected by 159 majority. This is a glorious triumph for the Democracy of Wisconsin.—Never were more Herculean efforts made to defeat any candidate.

A SEAFARING WOMAN.—The Philadelphia *Ledger*, of Dec. 18th, says that while the ship James Ray was lying near Quarantine, on her return to port, one of the sailors was discovered by the mate to be a female in disguise. She confessed the trick, and stated that she belonged to Lowell, Massachusetts, and was married and had a child about two years old. She was married at 13, and is now only 17 years of age. She had been to sea before and was as active in clambering the rigging as the most expert of the "old salts." The captain of the ship designs sending her home.

CHILD ATTACKED AND BITTEN BY A RAT.—A most singular circumstance occurred in the house of Mr. William Crawford, formerly keeper of the old St. Charles,) on Pennsylvania avenue, last Monday night. A young daughter of his, a mere infant, was lying in the bed asleep, when she was attacked by a huge Norway rat, which began to inflict bites on her arm and hand. A little boy in the same bed awoke and endeavored to drive the animal away, but he too was bitten in three or four places on the hand. The girls hand from the wrist to the end of the thumb was bitten in a dozen different places, and she is quite seriously injured. The screams of the children attracted the mother to the bed and not until then did the vile beast leave them. He was afterwards caught and summary vengeance executed on him.—*Pitts. Gazette.*

SUIT FOR A LOSS IN THE CARS.—A suit was brought on Thursday last, before Justice Gardner, at Jersey City, against the New York and Erie Railroad Co., by Lewis Barnum, for an overcoat which was stolen from his seat in the cars on that road. The train stopped at Port Jervis, and the plaintiff seeing a notice posted up in the cars that passengers in order to keep their seats must leave some article of baggage or wearing apparel in them, left his overcoat there while he went into the refreshment saloon. Upon returning he discovered that his overcoat had been stolen. The company declined to pay for it. He sued them, and the Justice decided in his favor.

KNOW NOTHINGISM IN THE JURY BOX.—At the last Greene County Circuit, was tried for the second time the indictment of Martin Morrison for the crime of rape. The case excited great interest. On the first trial the prisoner had been convicted. This second trial resulted in a disagreement of the jury. They stood eight for conviction and four for acquittal. The Greene County *Whig*, commenting upon this result, states that the prisoner was the President of a Know-Nothing Council at Halcott, and the four disagreeing jurymen were Know-Nothings. It further states that the prominent members of the Order in Catskill, were anxious about the issue of the trial, and exercised an influence upon it detrimental to the course of justice.—The guilt of Morrison was not denied in the jury room. But the refusal of the four to concur in a verdict was placed upon the ground that although there was no doubt about the commission of the crime charged, the evidence did not sufficiently prove it!—and that the punishment affixed by the statute to the offence, was too severe in their judgment. Know-Nothingism itself is now on trial before the people. One of the gravest charges against this criminal is, that it hinders the execution of the laws, and corrupts the administration of justice, in the jury box and on the bench. The popular verdict, and the subsequent vindictive judgment, will be the estimate placed by all good men upon the enormity of this offence.—*Troy Budget.*

INTERPRETATION OF DREAMS.—There is a new guide to the interpretation of dreams. An English paper thus puts it: "To dream of a millstone round your neck, is a sign of what you may expect if you get an extravagant wife. To see apples in a dream betokens a wedding, because where you find apples you may reasonably expect to find pears. To dream that you are lame is a token that you will get into a hobble. When a young lady dreams of a coffin, it betokens that she should instantly discontinue lacing her stays tightly, and always go warmly and thickly shod in wet weather. If you dream af a clock it is a token that you will gain credit—that is tick. To dream of fire is a sign that if you are wise you will see that the lights in your house are out before you go to bed. To dream that your nose is red at the the tip is an intimation that you had better leave off brandy and water. To dream of walking barefooted denotes a journey that you will make bootless."

VENERABLE BUTTER.—A tub of butter, weighing about 200 lbs. was recently discovered several feet beneath the surface of the earth, at Winstead, Conn. The spot upon which it was found had been occupied some twenty years before by a country store, and the supposition is that the butter has remained buried all that time. The cask was partially decayed, but its contents were sweet, and without any unpalatable taint or flavor.

☞ The Bedford Riflemen will parade on Tuesday, the 8th of January next, with their elegant new Rifles and equipments.

DIED,

On the 3d inst. in Cumberland Valley Tp. Mrs. Elizabeth Growdon, wife of Mr. Thomas Growdon, in the 47th year of her age.

On the 19th November, in Cumberland Valley township, Mrs. Margaret Dicken, wife of Mr. David Dicken, aged 42 years. Mrs. D. was a worthy and acceptable member of the M. E. Church for many years. Her piety was deep and ardent, and sustained her through her last severe bodily affliction, enabling her to manifest the most perfect resignation to the divine will, and a cheerfulness in sickness and pain that few ever acquire. Her friends have hope in her death. A. B.

ATTENTION RIFLEMEN!

☞ You are hereby notified to appear on parade in winter uniform with pompoon, and twelve rounds of cartridge, on TUESDAY the 8th day of January, 1856. A full turn out is desired.

By order of the Captain.
WM. KEEFE, O. S.

Dec. 28, 1855.

MARRIED:

On the 16th inst. by Archibald Blair, Esq. Mr. Samuel Miller to Miss Maria L. Baker, all of Londonderry Township.

A CALIFORNIA FAT GIRL.—A gentleman informs the Sacramento Tribune that there resides within a few miles of that city a girl, only sixteen years of age, who weighs four hundred and fifteen pounds, and is increasing in flesh at the rate of three pounds per week.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

The subscriber has for rent, on reasonable terms, four brick dwelling houses, all in good repair, handsomely located, and well finished. Possession given on the 1st of April next.

N. LYONS.

Bedford, Dec. 28, 1855.

FOR SALE,

A HOUSE AND LOT in Bedford, and a valuable SAW MILL in Shade Township, Somerset county.

The subscribers will sell, on reasonable terms, at private sale, a comfortable dwelling house and lot of ground pleasantly situate in the borough of Bedford.

Also, they will sell, on reasonable terms, a valuable tract of land in Shade Township, Somerset county, containing 390 acres. This land is well covered with cherry, poplar, white pine, spruce, and other timber, and has a fine water power with a good Saw Mill thereon erected. For further information inquire of

MANN & SPANG.

Dec. 28, 1855.

NOTICE.

Letters of Administration having been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Mrs. Phebe Keefe, (widow of John Keeffe, deceased,) late of Bedford township, in the county of Bedford, deceased—all persons indebted to said estate will be required to make immediate payment: and those having claims are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. KEEFFE,
Administrator.

Dec. 28, 1855.

BEDFORD COUNTY, SS:

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the said county, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1855.

On motion of JOHN P. REED, Esq., the Court grant a Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of John Lafferty, late of Juniata township, deceased, to wit: Moses Lafferty, residing in Juniata township, William, residing in Allegheny township, Somerset Co., Penna. Rebecca intermarred with Hugh Schafer, residing in Juniata township, Lydia, intermarried with Richard Kanouff, residing in Cero Gordo County, Iowa. and John Lafferty, residing in Juniata township, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford in and for the County of Bedford, on the second Monday, the 11th day of February, A. D. 1856, to accept or refuse to take the Real Estate of said deceased at the Valuation, which has been Valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation issued out of our said Orphans' Court and to the Sheriff of said county directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

IN TESTIMONY whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal of said Court at Bedford the 27th day of November, A. D. 1855.

D. WASHABAUGH, Clerk.

Attest—Hugh Moore, Sheriff.

Dec. 28, 1855.

CROMER'S Thrashing Machines for either 2, 3, or 4 horses for sale very low at REED'S Cheap Store.

Nov. 26, 1855.

Stray Heifers:

Came to the premises of the subscriber living in Colrain Township, sometime in November last two young Heifers, one a dark brown, the other is a black with a few white spots and white hind leg, with a small slit in the left ear. No other marks. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

ADAM COONTZ.

Dec. 7, 1855.—*

AGENTS! AGENTS! AGENTS!

Persons accustomed to procure subscribers for Books, Magazines, &c., or get up clubs for newspapers, are requested to send us their names and address, and we will forward them, free of charge, a specimen number of a publication for which they will find ready sale; and we will allow them a commission of 50 per cent for their services.

J. BRADFORD & BROTHER,
No. 3 Courtland st., New York.

Dec. 7, 1855.

NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and firm of Weisel & Foster, in the Coach and Wagon Manufactory, is this day disolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled up by Wm. Weisel, who is authorized to collect all accounts &c. and pay the debts of the firm.

WM. WEISEL,
JOHN FOSTER,

Dec. 14, 1855.

FINAL NOTICE.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm of SANSOM & MILLER, either by note or Book account, will do well to have them settled by the first of January, 1855, after that time they will be place in the hands of a proper officer for collection.

A. J. SANSOM,
Surviving Partner.

Dec. 7, 1855.—3t.

BOOK BINDING STORE.

The subscriber would respectfully inform the Public that he still continues to carry on the

BOOK BINDING,

in No. 8 of the Franklin Buildings Chambersburg; where all binding entrusted to his care will be punctually attended to, and bound with neatness and care.

He still continues to keep on hand a good assortment of RELIGIOUS, HISTORICAL Miscellaneous Blank and School Books, Stationery &c., which he will sell on moderate terms.

THOS. W. WRIGHT.

Dec. 7, 1855.

LEATHER.

FRITZ, HENDRY & CO.

No. 29, North THIRD street, Philadelphia. Morocco Manufacturers, Couriers and Importers of FRENCH Calf-Skins, and dealers in Red and Oak Sole Leather and Kipp.

March 9, 1855—1y.

CORN and BUCKWHEAT MEAL for sale by G. W. RRUPP.

Dec. 7, 1855.

IF you want cheap Goods call at Cheap sides.

A new Buggy for sale by G. W. RUPP.

Dec. 7, 1855.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY!

By virtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at public vendue or outcry, on the premises, in the Borough of Bedford, on SATURDAY, the 29th day of December inst., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

All that House and Lot of ground situate on West Pitt street, in the Borough of Bedford, numbered 33 in the general plan of said Borough, and bounded as follows, viz: On the East by a twenty feet alley, on the West by Lot No. 34, on the North by Pitt Street aforesaid, and on the South by a twenty feet alley, extending sixty feet front on Main Street and running South two hundred and forty feet to the Southern boundary aforesaid, late the property of THOMAS KEEFFE, deceased—and now in the occupancy of Maj. S. DAVIS, and Wm. KISER.—This property is pleasantly located, the improvements are in good repair—and persons desiring a comfortable private residence will do well to examine it!

TERMS—Cash.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M.

G. H. SPANG,
Administrator of the Estate of Thomas Keeffe, deceased.

Dec. 7, 1855.

PUBLIC SALE OF 900 *ACRES OF LAND!*

By virtue of sundry orders of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at Public sale, on the premises, in Bean's Cove, Southampton township, on SATURDAY the 29th day of December next, the following Real Estate, to wit:

The one undivided half part of 771 acres, late the property of Solomon Rice, deceased, adjoining lands of Jacob Clitz, Benjamin Wigfield, Daniel Folk and others. This land lies ten miles from Cumberland and three miles from the Turnpike leading thereto. 150 acres are cleared—the balance well timbered. The Improvements are Three Log Dwelling Houses and Double Log Barn. There is also an orchard and 4 springs of excellent water upon the premises. This property can be divided so as to suit two or more purchasers.

On the same day will be offered for sale the real Estate of Otho Wilson, deceased, adjoining the above and containing 152 acres, about 50 cleared and under fence. The Improvements are a double log House and Barn. There are several acres of good meadow land, and that not cleared is well timbered

☞ TERMS:—One-third on the 11th of February, 1856, and the balance in two equal anual payments without interest.

O. E. SHANNON,
Trustee for the Sale of the Real Estate of Solomon Rice, deceased.
HUGH WILSON,
Trustee of Otho Wilson's Estate.

Dec. 7, 1855.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned will offer at Public Sale on WEDNESDAY the 26th day of December next, at the late residence of Abraham Sparks, deceased, in West Providence Township, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, his four contiguous and adjoining tracts of land, situate in said township, and containing in all 305 acres.

The number of acres in the Mansion Property is 131, and the improvements are a two story frame house, log barn, spring house and granary. There is also two Orchards on this tract, about 100 acres cleared and the balance well timbered.

One other tract adjoining the above and containing 90 acres, 50 of which are cleared.

One other tract containing 53 acres, 5 of which are cleared, with a story and a-half Frame House and a small orchard thereon.

The other tract contains twenty acres and is well timbered.

☞ TERMS: One third on the 1st of April, 1856, and the balance in two equal anual payments without interest.

SOLOMON SPARKS,

Dec. 7, 1855.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned administrator of the estate of Abraham Sparks, late of West Providence township, deceased, will expose to Public sale, at the MANSION PROPERTY of said deceased, in said Township, on WEDNESEAY the 26th day of December next, all the real estate of said decedent not taken at the valuation by the heirs or sold, viz:

The Mansion Tract (*A*) containing 301 acres and allowance, and having thereon erected a large and commodious Stone Tavern stand, three Private Dwelling houses, Barns, Stables, Wagon-Sheds and other out buildings, rendering it one of the most convenient properties for public business in the County. The soil is good and well adapted to agricultural purposes, besides being in a high state of cultivation and well watered. The main body of this land lies upon the north side of the Juniata River, where the Turnpike passes through by the improvements above mentioned.

ALSO—(*F.*) a tract containing 83¼ acres situate in East Providence Township, and adjoining lands of Nycum, Diehl, Black and others; lately purchased from Samuel Tate's administrator, known as the "Wolf Pen."

☞ TERMS: One third in hand at the confirmation of sale on the 11th day of Feb. 1856, and the balance in two equal anual payments without interest.

JOHN CESSNA,
Acting Administrator of the Estate of Abraham Sparks, deceased.

Dec. 7. 1855.

Important Notice.

All persons having unsettled accounts with the late firm of Rupp & Oster, are respectfully and most earnestly requested to call and settle up without delay.

Oct. 26, 1855.

GREAT ARRIVAL!

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!!

EXCHANGE BUILDING STORE!!!

The subscribers respectfully inform their friends, customers, and public generally, that they have received the largest and best assortment of FALL and WINTER GOODS they have yet offered to purchasers! Our stock in part as follows:

Blue, Black, Brown, and Invis Green French Cloths—French and American Cassimers—all colors—Ky. Jeans, all wool Tweeds, Keysers, Flannels, Coating, Beaver Cloth, Blankest, Cords, Velvets, Beaverteens. Sack Flannels, Colored Carpet Chain, Spun Cotton, Bagging, Drillings, Ribbons, Laces, Gloves, Hoisery, &c., &c.

125 pieces Plain and Figured Delain,—all prices
440 " Fall Calicoes from 5 cts to 12½
250 " Heavy and Medium Bro. muslins
85 " Superior bleached shirting muslins
60 " Thibet Cloths and Alpaccas, all colors
75 " Cassinetts, all colors and prices
25 " All wool Hemp Rag and List Carpets
15 " Floor Oil Cloths—4¼ 5¼ 6¼ and 8¼ wide
35 " Cotton Flannels—all colors and prices.

Men and Boys' Wool Hats, Fur and Beaver Slough Hats, Men and Boy's Morocco Lined Navy Caps—also Plush and Cloth do. Boots and Shoes for Men and Boys. Bootees, double soled Moroco, and kid Shoes for Ladies—also a great variety of Bootees and shoes for Misses and children! Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Brooms—Tubs, Buckets, &c. Fish Oil, Sperm and Lard Oil; Bar Iron, Nail, Rod, &c.

Our assortment includes every article usually found in stores, and to prove we are selling *Cheaper than the Cheapest*," all we ask is a call. ☞No trouble to show Goods! It will cost you nothing to come and look at the *Bargains* we will offer.

Country Produce of every description will be received for Goods at Cash prices.

A. B. CRAMER & Co.,
Exchange Building.

Oct. 12, 1855.

Shoe Store.

A. B. Cramer & Co have just received a very large stock of Boots and Shoes suitable for fall and Winter—part styles as follows:

Mens' Superior Waxed Doubled Sole Boots
Mens' " City made Calf do
Mens' " Heavy Kip-Lined do
Youth's " Waxed Doubled Sole do
Youth's " Kip " " do
Boys' " Kip " " do
Boys' " Calf " " do
Womens' " Doubled Sole Kip Bootees
Womens' " " fine Calf and Seal do
Womens' " fine Goat Morocco do
Women's " Parodi Bootees—very handsome.
Girls Morocco, Kip and Calfskin Bootees
Children Shoes of every style and Price.

Doubled sole Gaiters—Gum Shoes &c., in fact Boots and Shoes to suit every purchaser.—If you want a pair of Boots or Shoes please give us a call and you shall be suited in price and quality.

☞Exchange Store is the place to buy Boots and Shoes!

Oct. 12, 1855.

Notice:

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and firm of Rupp & Oster, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. G. W. Rupp is authorized to settle the business of the late firm, and to collect all debts due thereto.

G. W. RUPP,
C. R. OSTER.

The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that the business will in future be continued at the old stand where he is now receiving and opening a general and well selected assortment of fall and winter goods, which he is determined to sell cheap for cash or approved produce.

An early call is solicited.

G. W. RUPP.

Bedford, Sept. 28, 1855.

Bedford Academy

AND

FEMALE SEMINARY.

W. W. CAMPBELL, Principal.

The 1st Session of the 5th school year of this Institution will open on Monday morning the 3d day of September. The past history of the Academy will, we trust, be a sufficient guaranty of its future efficiency. The branches taught will be the same as heretofore. To MASTER PRINCIPLES will be considered the most important pursuit of the pupils; and while it will be the constant business of the Instructor to impart knowledge, it will also be his aim to lead his pupils to make a practical application of their acquisitions. To load the mind with innumerable formulas, without causing it to use them, would be like placing a bow in a child's hand, without teaching him how to bend it. In fine, it shall be our object, as it has ever been, to lead the pupil to THINK.

N. B. Instruction in Book Keeping in all its branches, both Single and Double Entry will be given by the Principal. The Class in this study will be so arranged that any young men desiring to pursue this important branch in order to prepare themselves for clerkships *can recite in it* alone. This recitation will receive attention out of the regular school hours. Instruction in this branch will be extra and so charged.

We look forward confidently to the patronage of this community, which has thus far been so generously extended, and by an undiminished assiduity, we hope to merit your support.

Terms per quarter, as usual, to wit:

CLASSICS,	$6 25
HIGHER ENGLISH,	5 00
MIDDLE "	4 50
ELEMENTARY "	4 00
BOOK KEEPING, (Extra)	5 00

Feb. 16, 1855.

H. NICODEMUS,

Scrivener and Justice of the Peace,

BEDFORD, PA.

Has removed his office to Juliana street, nearly opposite the Drug and Book store of Dr. F. C. Reamer, where he will faithfully attend to all business connected with the duties of his office.

He will continue to repair clocks and watches, as usual, and respectfully invites those in need of his services in this line to give him a call.

April 13, 1855.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the Estate of James Donahoe, late of Southampton Township, Bedford County, are requested to make immediate payment—and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

FRANCIS DONAHOE,
Administrator.

Nov. 23, 1855.

[*Letter from Hon. John Minor Botts, of Virginia.*]

RICHMOND JULY 9th, 1855.

Messrs. Wm. S. Beers & Co., Gents.—Consierations of duty to the afflicted alone prompt me to send you this voluntary testimonial to the great value of "*Carter's Spanish Mixture*," for that almost incurable disease, *Scrofula*.

Without being disposed or deeming it necessary to go into the particulars of the case, I can say that the astonishing results that have been produced by the use of that medicine on a member of my own family, and under my own observation and superintendence, after the skill of the best physicians had been exhausted and the usual remedies had failed, fully justify me in recommending its use to all who may be suffering from that dreadful malady.

I do not mean to say that it is adapted to all constitutions, or that it will afford the same relief in all cases; for, of course, I can know nothing about that—but from what I have seen of the effects, I would not hesitate to use it, in any and every case of Scrofula, with persons for whom I felt an interest, or over whom I could exercise any influence or control.

Respectfully yours.
JNO. M. BOTTS.

NEW CLOTHING STORE.

Isaac Lippel

Would respectfully announce to his old friends, and the public at large, that he has opened an entirely new CLOTHING STORE in the Borough of Bedford, in the room recently in the occupancy of Solomon Filler, where he has just received a very superior assortment of ready-made Clothing for Men and Boys, to which he invites attention, satisfied that he can please all who give him a call, both as to price and quality. He will also keep an assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries. He invites purchasers to examine his stock.

Bedford, April 6, 1855.

FOR SALE.—A handsome, well made Buggy, with falling top, will be sold very low for Cash or approved paper.

A. B. Cramer & Co.

1500 PIECES WALL PAPER,

From 12½ cents to $1 25 per piece, just received and for at the variety Store of

JAMES K. HALLAM.

Bedford, April 27, 1855.

NEW STORE

And New Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS, AND NO MISTAKE!

ELI FISHER

Would respectfully avail himself of this method of informing the citizens of Bedford and vicinity that he has opened an entirely New

Dry Goods, Grocery, and Fancy Store,

in the Borough of Bedford, in the room formerly occupied by Dr. Hofius, and second door west of Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store, where he has just received from the cities of

New York and Philadelphia

one of the most elegant assortments of Goods ever brought to Bedford, which, having been purchased for cash, under the most favorable circumstances, he feels warranted in saying that he can sell them at prices so low as to *astonish* the purchaser, and all in want of good Goods, at the shortest possible profit, are invited to give him a call. His stock embraces every variety of

Ladies Dress Goods,

such as Silks, Satins, Delaines, Bombazines, Spring Shawls, novelties in Lawns, British Prints, Plaid Ginghams, Undersleeves, from 12½ cents up, Hosiery in every variety, Shoes, Boots and Slippers, for Ladies and Children—in fact almost every article adapted to a Ladies' wardrobe, which it would require too much space to enumerate in detail. His stock of FLATS and BONNETS for Ladies, Misses, and Children, is large, rich and CHEAP.

His Groceries, Teas, Spices, Syrup, &c. &c. are all of the very best quality.

☞He will consider it no trouble to shew his Goods, and he hopes the LADIES especially will call and examine his assortment whether they purchase or not. Always remember, however, that ELI FISHER'S is the place fo. BARGAINS!!! April 6, 1855r

St. Nicholas Hotel,

Cumberland, Md.

The Proprietor respectfully begs leave to inform the travelling public that this house has recently been thoroughly re-fitted and completely renovated, and is now ready to receive guests.

It is the earnest desire and intention of the Proprietor to give perfect satisfaction to those who favor him with their patronage. A liberal share is confidently expected.

SAMUEL LUMAN, *Proprietor.*
Successor to H. R. Dow & Co.

Cumberland, Aug. 10, 1855.

A CARD.

MRS. MARY COOK (widow of Dominick Cook) would announce to visitors to the Springs, and the public generally, that, having secured the services of a gentleman eminently qualified to manage her affairs, the Washington Hotel is now ready to afford the best of accommodations. The house has been newly papered, painted and furnished, and she feels satisfied that all who patronize the "Washington" will be pleased.—She hopes to be liberally encouraged.

Bedford, June 29, 1855.

NEW CABINET MAKING SHOP.

The subscriber would beg leave to announce to his friends and the public, that he has commenced the

CABINET MAKING BUSINESS

in his new Shop nearly opposite the Store of William States & Co., where he is prepared to accommodate the public with *Bureaus, Tables, Stands, Secretaries, Chairs, Cubboards, Bedsteads* at every price and style. His furniture will be made of the best *material*, and from his long experience at the buisness, he feels no hesitency in warranting his Ware to be *strong* and *durable*, and no pains shall be spared to finish it in the latest style. He hopes by strict attention to his business, and a desire to please, to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

☞ COFFINS made on short notice and Liberal Terms, and his Hearse will be ready to convey them when desirable.

MORTZ KLOHRE.

Bloody Run, Nov. 15, 1855.

FOR RENT,

And possession given on the 1st of June, a TAN YARD in the Borough of Bedford, with all the fixtures complete, and a Dwelling adjacent thereto. Apply to either of the undersigned.

Wm. Hartley,
Job Mann,
John H. Rush,
For the Heirs.

March 30, 1855.

DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL AGAIN.—We would impress upon our readers the necessity of attending to the first onset of a cough or cold.—These seemingly trifling maladies are often the fore-runners of more fatal and incurable diseases. Dr. Keysers' Pectoral will check them in their infancy, and oftentimes when dangerous symptoms have set in. It is for sale at

Rupp & Osters' Bedford, and at Colvin & Robisons' Schellsburg.

VALUABLE

Mill Property for Sale!

The subscriber, about to remove to California, offers at Private sale, his valuable Mill Property, situate about 3 miles East of Bedford, on the Juniatta River, in Colerain township, at the lower end of Friend's Cove.

The Mill is four stories high, frame, with three run of stones, two pair of which are Burrs, having all the machinery necessary to manufacture merchant and country work in the best manner. It has one of the best water powers in the United States, which may be known from the fact that during the last dry season it had abundance of water, when nearly every other mill in the neighborhood was stopped.

There are between 10 and 11 acres of land adjoining, six acres under post fence, about 4 of which is meadow, on which is erected a good two story log house, weather-boarded and plastered, good water at the door, with all necessary out buildings—also a fine orchard of choice fruit, peaches and apples.

Being determined to sell purchasers will do well to examine this property soon.

☞TERMS will be made to suit the purchaser, by giving approved Bonds.

HIRAM F. ROHM.

June 1, 1855.

MORE NEW GOODS Just received at Reed's Colonade Store, consisting of Cassimeres, Satinetts, Jeans, Wool-plaids, Mouslin de laines, Coburgs, Prints, &c., &c.

HATS AND CAPS.—New style Hungarian Hats, Drab and Pearl, Men and Boys Blue Navy Caps just received by express at Reed's Colonade Store.

Oct. 26, 1855.

D. Border,

Clock & Watch Maker

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line. He has on hand, and will constautly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the bert style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver WATCHES, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, &c. &c.

N. B. He still continues the Gunsmithing business, at his old stand, in the East end of town, where he has a good and competent workman constantly employed. D. B.

April 27, 1855.

FRANKLIN FEMALE INSTITUTE

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

AT MERCERSBURG, PENNA.

THE Winter Session of this Institute commences on the first of October next.

TERMS:—For Board, Tuition, Room rent and Washing, per quarter of twelve weeks, $12 50.

MARSHALL COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS.

The Winter Session of this Institute commences on the first of October next. Terms: For Board, Tuition, Room rent and Washing, per quarter of twelve weeks, $12 50.

☞ *For further information address*
REV. J. R. KOOKEN, Mercersburg.

Sept. 7, 1855.

New Stage Line.

☞The subscriber has put on a line of two horse stage ceaches between Stonerstown and Bedford, to connect with the Central Rail Road, via Broad Top. This line will leave Stonerstown on Monday and Friday of each week, and return from Bedford on Wednesday and Saturday. This is a pleasant route, and I hope to be able to render such accommodations as will make it an inducement for travellers to patronize the line. Fare only $1 75.

PETER ELLISON.

Nov. 23, 1855.

The University's FAMILY REMEDIES,

Issued under the seal, Sanction and Authority of the University of Free Medicine and popular knowledge, Chartered by the State of Pennsylvania, April 20th, 1853, with a Capital of $100,000, mainly for the purpose of arresting the evils of Spurious and Worthless Nostrums; also, for supplying the community with Reliable remedies wherever a Competent Physician cannot or will not be employed. This Institution, (located in Philadelphia No. 68 Arch Street, where applications for new Agencies will be received,) has purchased from Dr. John R. Rowand, his Celebrated Rowand's Tonic Mixture, Known for upward of twenty-five years as the only sure and safe cure for FEVER and AGUE, &c., and his inestimable Remedy for Bowel Complaints, Rowand's Compound Syrup of Blackberry Root, which highly improved and Popular remedies, together with The University's Remedy for Complaints of the Lungs; The University's Remedy for Dispepsia or Indigestion; The University's Remedy for Costive Bowels; Also the University's Almanac may be had at the Branch Dispensary.

For sale at the Store of Dr. Blair, in Cumberland Valley.

Nov. 23, 1855.

NEW BOOK!

The "Prison of Weltervreden" and a glance at the *East Indian Archipelago.* By Walter Gibson, Illustrated from original sketches—12 mo. cloth—*Price* 1 50—Published by J. C. Riker, 129, Fulton St., N. Y. and for sale by

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
Chambersburg, Pa.

☞*S. & S. will forward the above anywhere in the State free of postage.*

Nov. 16, 1855—3m.

NEW BUGGY FOR SALE.

☞A new Buggy for sale for cash or approved produce. Inquire at Reed's cheap Colonade Store.

Astonishing effects of one bottle, in an aggravated case of Dyspepsia.

PHILADELPHIA, March 20, 1855.

Dear Sir—During the last five years I have been afflicted with *Dyspepsia*, in its most aggravated form, and have used, without receiving any benefit therefrom, every remedy recommended for that disease. In fact, I was afflicted so badly that on many occasions I was in *great danger of dying from suffocation*, in consequence of the rise of matter in my throat, and all my efforts or relief were in vain. I was at last induced, through the recommendation of several of my friends, to try "Hoofland's German Bitters," and I assure you the amount of relief I have received, from the use of only one bottle, is astonishing, and compels me to say that I would not be without the Bitters for any money, as I am now, through their use, enjoying better health than I have known for many years.

Very respectfully yours,
ELIZABETH GAUL
No. 12 Carter's Alley.

To Dr. C. M. Jackson.

See advertisement.

LAW NOTICE.

W. J. BAER, Attorney at Law:

WILL practice regularly in the Courts of Bedford County hereafter. He may, during Court Weeks, be consulted at his room at the Washington Hotel.

Nov. 23, 1855.

NEW GOODS!

The subscriber has just received and opened an elegant assortment of New Fall and Winter Goods, which he flatters himself he can sell a little lower than ever before offered in Bedford. Thankful for past favors, he respectfully invites the public to call and see him before purchasing elsewhere.

ELIAS FISHER.

Nov. 16, 1855.

☞*Polpitation of the Heart*, Nervous Diseases, Liver Complaint, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Costiveness and Piles, are all relieved and cured in an incredible short space of time, by Carter's spanish Mixture, the great tonic and purifier of the blood. It contains not a particle of Mercury, Opium, or any noxious drug; is perfectly harmless, and has cured more than five hundred cases of disease.

We can only refer the reader to certificates, a few of which may be found in another column, and all of which are detailed in full around the bottle. It is the greatest of all Spring and Fall Medicines, and possesses an influence over the blood truly remarkable.

See advertisement.

LUMBER!

The subscribers have on hand and will constantly keep, (at the old stand of Lewis N. Fyan, in Juniatta township,) a full supply of Lap and Joint Shingles, and Boards of every discription, which they will dispose of on reasonable terms.

PLATT & BROTHER.

Sept. 7, 1855.

STRAY HOGS.

Came to the premises of the subscriber, living in Southampton township, Bedford County, on the 21st day of November last, five HOGS, one having a crop out of each ear, and the rest no perceptible marks. Two are black and sandy mixed. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

JOS. BARNES.

Dec. 14, 1855.*

PUBLIC SALE

OF

Valuable Real Estate,

In South Woodbury Township, Bedford Co.

By Virtue of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Bedford County, the subscriber will sell, for the payment of debts, by public vendue, on the premises, on FRIDAY the 11th day of January, 1856, the valuable MANSION FARM of Jacob Biddle, deceased, containing, as is supposed, 185 acres and allowance, (the exact quantity will be determined by a survey, before the day of sale) situate in South Woodbury Township, Bedford County, adjoining lands of Isaac Ebersole, David Brumbaugh, and others. From 120 to 130 acres is cleared and under fence, with a good two story house, a log barn and two apple orchards thereon.

The grain in the ground is reserved; possession to be given the first of April next.

☞TERMS:—Enough in cash at the Confirmation of sale (11th February 1856) to pay the debts (between two and three thousand dollars) one-third of balance to remain in the hands of purchaser for the Widow, the remainder in two equal annual payments, without interest.

JACOB S. BRUMBAUGH,
Administrator of the Estate of Jacob Biddle deceased.

Dec. 14, 1855.

A SECOND SUPPLY OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he has just received from the eastern cities, and is now exhibiting AT CHEAP SIDE, a general assortment of new style fall and

Winter Goods,

comprising a great variety of LADIES'

DRESS GOODS,

of the latest styles; such in part as Black and Fancy Silks, Merinoes, Cashmers, Coburg and Thibet Cloths, Alpaccas, Mousselin Delaines, Mousseline De Beges, Fancy Prints, from a fip up, Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from a fip up, all widths, Thibet and Bay State Shawls, Blue, Black, Brown and Olive French Cloths, Sup'r Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Tweeds, Cassinetts, Jeans, Vestings, Merino Shirts and Drawers, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes in great variety, &c., &c.

GROCERIES,

Sup'r Golden Syrup and N. O. Molasses, best Rio and Java Coffee, N. O. clarified, crushed, and granulated Sugars, Spices, Teas, Chocolate, Extract of Coffee, Rice, Tobacco, Drugs and Oils, together with every other article adapted to the wants of the people, all which he is determined to sell CHEAP FOR CASH, or approved produce.

He respectfully invites all in search of bargains to give him a call before purchasing.—Thankful for past favors he hopes by fair dealing, and a desire to please, to continue to merit it and receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

GEO. W. RUPP.

Dec. 7, 1855.

SELLING OFF AT COST.

Mrs. S. E. POTTS

Would respectfully announce to the Ladies of Bedford and vicinity, that she has just opened a large and elegant assortment of all the new styles of

Ladies Dress Goods,

and as she is compelled to remove her store, she is determined, rather than move her goods, to sell off at cost. Among a large and splendid assortment of goods, may be found the following articles:

Dresses and Mantillas,
Super black and Fancy Silks,
Super late style of ladies cloaks,
A fine lot of satin and velvet bonnets,
Cloaks, Mantles, and Talmers,
Furs of all description, and all prices,
Morenoes from 25 cts up
Shawls, brochea, woolen, and blank,
French Chintzes and Ginghams,
Plain and emb'd Swiss Muslins,
Fringes, Gimps, and Laces,
Buttons, Braids and Cords,
A rich assortment of Ribbons,
Collars, Sleeves, and Chemizetts,
Edgings and Insertings,
A full supply of Mourning Goods,
Best Kid Gloves of all colors,
Handsome lot of ladiee shoes,
Good Muslins for 6¼ cts.

The special attention of the Ladies is solicited to the very large assortment just received, and offered at low prices for quality.

Bedford, Oct 26, 1855.

HEMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu,

For Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys, Secret Diseases, Strictures, Weaknesses, and all diseases of the Sexual Organs whether in Male or Female,

from whatever cause they may have originated and no matter of how long standing.

If you have contracted the terrible disease which, when once seated in the system, will surely go down from one generation to another, undermining the constitution and sapping the very vital fluids of life, do not trust yourself in the hands of Quacks, who start up every day in a city like this, and fill the papers with glaring falsehoods too well calculated to deceive the young and those not acquainted with their tricks. You cannot be too careful in the selection of a remedy in these cases.

THE FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU has been pronounced by eminent Physicians *THE GREATEST REMEDY EVER KNOWN.* It is a medicine perfectly pleasant in its taste and very innocent in its action, and yet so thorough that it annihilates every particle of the rank and poisonous virus of this dreadful disease; and, unlike other remedies, it does not dry up the disease in the blood.

CONSTITUTIONAL DEBILITY, brought on by self-abuse, a most terrible disease, which has brought thousands of the human race to untimely graves, thus blasting the brilliant hopes of parents, and blighting in the bud the glorious ambition of many a noble youth, can be cured by this infallible remedy. And as a medicine which must benefit everybody, from the simply delicate to the confined and despairing invalid, no equal is to be found, acting both as a cure and preventative.

HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the Blood, removing all diseases arising from excess of Mercury, exposure and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional disease, arising from an impure state of the Blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Tetter, Pimples on the Face, and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin.

This article is now prescribed by some of the most distinguished Physicians in the country, and has proved more efficient in practice than any preparation of Sarsaparilla yet offered to the public. Several cases of secondary Syphilis, Mercurial and Scrofulous diseases have entirely recovered in the incurable wards of our Public Institutions which had for many years resisted every mode of treatment that could be devised. These cases furnish striking examples of the salutary effects of this medicine in arresting some of the most inveterate diseases, after the glands were destroyed and the bones already affected.

NOTICE.—Letters from responsible Physicians and Professors of several Medical Colleges, and certificates of cures from patients will be found accompanying both Preparations.

Prices—Fluid Extract of Buchu, $1 per bottle.
" " Sarsaparilla " "
or 6 bottles for $5, equal in strength to one gallon Syrup of Sarsaparilla.

Prepared and Sold by H. T. HELMBOLD.
Chemist 263, Chestnut Street, near the Girard House, PHILADELPHIA.

☞To be had of Dr. F. C. Reamer, Bedford, Pa.

July 20, 1855.—1y.

NATIONAL HOTEL.

CORNER BALTIMORE & MECHANIC STS.

CUMBERLAND, MD.

JOHN B. KELLER, Proprietor.

This Hotel, recently kept by Sam'l Luman, is undergoing thorough repair and is a very fine, large, airy building, situated in the most central and business part of Cumberland.

THE ROOMS are large, and well furnished with all the necessary fixtures and appliances to render guests comfortable.

It will be the earnest desire of the Proprietors to render, in all respects, entire satisfaction, and he flatters himself that his efforts will be crowned with success.

There is attached to said hotel an excellent, stable capable of accommodating 60 head of horses. Drovers will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

A careful hostler in attendance at all times.

☞A porter in attendance at the cars, &c.

☞Rates of boarding 25 cts. per meal.—Boarders taken by the week, mouth or year.

Sept. 21, 1855.

The Wonder of the Age!—Dr. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT is warranted to cure Cholera, Colic, Sea Sickness, Chronic Rheumatism, Tooth ache, Head ache, and Pains of all kinds or no pay. Great cure of Rheumatism. Capt. COMSTOCK, of the steamer Baltic (Collins line,) was cured of a severe attack of Chronic Rheumatism in a few days by Dr. Tobias' celebrated Venitian Liniment. Case of Cholera. Mr. J Wright of the Firm of J. Wright & Co. of No. 116 Chartree St. New. Orleans, was immediately cured of an attack of Cholera by Tobias' Liniment. Vomiting and Colic. Mrs. Joseph McCabbe No. 16 Essex St. New York, was cured of an attack of Colic and Vomiting by Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment.—Depot 60 Gourtland St. New York. Sold by all the Druggists. Agent—ROBERT FYAN, Bedford: A. Bunn, Schellsburg: John Nycum & Son, Rays Hill: V. Wyant, Toll House east of Bloody-Run, J. Barndollar & Son, Bloody Run. Nov. 7, 1855.—1y.

WANTED at Reed's Colonade Store.—Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, and Buckwheat—also all other approved produce, in exchange for goods at cash prices.

PULICB SALE

OF

Valuable Real Estate

In Broad-Top Township!

By virtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, on MONDAY, the 14th day of January, 1856, the following described real estate, to wit:

The one undivided half of a small tract of land all unimproved—adjoining lands of James Figard, Joseph Richeson, Jacob Stine, now Schell and Daugherty and others, containing about 14 acres.

ALSO—a small tract of land containing 8 acres and 122 perches improved and adjoining lands of Amos Figard, William T. Daugherty, John Griffith in right of James Figard, Jeremiah Williams and Jacob Moyers.

Also the MANSION PLACE of James Figard, deceased, containing about 333 acres, partly cleared and under fence, with a Frame House, Log Barn and other out-buildings thereon, adjoining lands of John Griffith, Joseph Richeson, James Figard and others, subject to a right to the coal and minerals, conveyed by James Figard, deceased, to Hon. William T. Daugherty.

☞TERMS:—One-third on the 11th of February, 1856, and balance in two equal annal payments, without interest, to be secured by judgment bonds.

JOSEPH FISHER,
Guardian of John Figard,

Dec. 21, 1855.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

In Broad-Top Township!

By virtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, on Monday the 13th day of January, 1856, the following described two tracts of COAL LAND, the one containing 200 acres, and adjoining lands of John Griffith, Edward Shreves and others, part of which is cleared and under fence.

The other contains 51 acres and 90 perches, surveyed on a warrant to Hon. William T. Daugherty, dated April 16, 1852. This tract adjoins the above, John Griffith, Edward Shreves and others.

☞TERMS—One-third to be paid on the 11th of February, 1856, and balance in two equal anual payments, without interest, to be secured by judgment bonds.

GEO. W. FIGARD,
Acting Executor of the last Will, &c., of James Figard, deceased.

Dec. 21, 1855.

NOTICE.

The Orphans' Court in for the County of Bedford having appointed the undersigned to distribute the balance of the funds remaining in the hands of Josiah Richey, administrator of the estate of Henry Miller, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, on FRIDAY the 4th day of January, A. D. 1856, when and where all parties can attend if they see proper.

JNO. P. REED,
Auditor.

Dec. 21, 1855.

NOTICE.

The undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, to distribute the moneys remaining in the hands of Hon. Jos. B. Noble, one the Executors of the last Will &c., of William Galbraith, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment on MONDAY, the 7th day of January, A. D. 1856, at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, when and where all parties interested can attend if they see proper.

JNO. P. REED,
Auditor.

Dec. 21, 1855.

Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing and trading under the firm of CONRAD & CHRISTY, on section No. 32 on the Huntingdon and Broad-top Rail Road, was dissolved on the 16th day of June last, 1855.

JAMS CONRAD,
JOSIAH CHRISTY.

Dec. 21, 1855.*

News for the People!

LATE ARRIVAL OF NEW & CHEAP

Goods at REED'S Colonade Store!!

The subscriber has just returned from the eastern cities, and is receiving and opening a large assortment of splendid goods, selected with care and suitable to the season, consisting of

LADIES DRESS GOODS

of the newest styles. Silks, Merinoes, Cashmere, Parisian Twill, Alpaccas, De lains De Braize and wool plaids. Insertings, French worked collars and under sleeves. Silk and Gum Belts—Cloths of all shades. Cassimers, plain and fancy satinetts. Jeans, Tweeds, Overcoats, Buffalo overshoes for Ladies and Gents. Gumshoes and sandals. A large assortment of boots, Hardware and Queensware.

GROCERIES,

Comprising Rio, Java, Laguira Coffee. Sugars of all descriptions. Syrups and Molasses. Rice, Tobacco, Spurm Oil, &c., &c.

Bring on your cash and produce to Reed's Store where you will find all you want at the *lowest cash prices.*

JACOB REED.

Dec. 14, 1855.

Improved Daguerreotypes!

All who wish to have a good likeness of themselves or of their friends, can now be accommodated at the "Exchange Building," immediately above the Store of A. B. Cramer, where DAGUERREOTYPES of all sizes are done up in the most beautiful style by

THOMAS R. GETTYS, JR.

Taken singly or in groupes. Persons taken after decease.

Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine the specimens.

Young Lady, bring in that venerable father and that watchful mother, and secure a likeness to-day for to-morrow it may be too late. Mother, bring in those little ones with curling locks and sparkling eys: they will make pretty pictures, and then should death remove them, you can exclaim—

"Gone to their rest yet we would not recall them
Back to this world of sorrow and pain;
Gone to their rest where no ill can befall them,
Yet we have their likeness both perfect and plain."

Gold Lockets single and Double. Also fancy cases constantly on hand.

Instructions given in the art, and apparatus furnished on reasonable terms.

Dec. 21, 1855.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The subscriber will sell, at private sale, his valuable Property, situate in Union Township, Bedford County, Pa., on which he at present resides, containing 50 acres of patented land, 30 of which are cleared and under post and rail fence, the balance well timbered with good saw timber. This property is on the waters of Bobbs' Creek, 4 miles north of Adolphus Ake's Mill, on the public road leading from Bedford to Johnstown or Jefferson, within 12 miles of Jefferson, and 16 miles of Hollidaysburg. The improvements are a Stone Grist Mill, with two run of Stones, one pair first rate French Burrs, with good merchant and country Bolts, and a complete Smut Machine. The Machinery is all good and substantial, and is partly new. The water power is sufficient during the entire year, and the custom is good and plenty of it. There is also a new Saw Mill on the premises, which will cut from 1500 to 2000 feet of Lumber a day inch measure, which is ready sale at the Mill. One of the Dwelling Houses is a three story frame, suitable for a public House or Store House, and is well finished. There are three other dwellings, two frame and one log house, also a frame stable and Wagon Shed, and other necessary buildings.

Also, will be sold, another Tract of Land containing 300 acres, about 75 acres of which are cleared, of which 10 are good meadow with facilities for making 20 or 30 more. The balance well timbered and well watered by the Bobbs' Creek running through it. There is on the premises an excellent site calculated for either Grist Mill or Saw Mill, with head and fall of 22 feet. There is a variety of choice fruit trees on the farm. The buildings are one good Log House and Stable and other outbuildings. Also, will be sold, 640 acres of good timber land, convenient to the Saw Mill, on which are the very best of saw logs. The above land is all patented, and a clear and indisputable title will be made to the purchaser or purchasers. Those wishing to purchase good property, will learn the conditions, (which will be moderate,) by calling with the subscriber, residing on the first named property.

CASELTON AKE.

July 21, 1851.

TOOTH ACHE.—Persons are not generally aware that Dr. Keyser's Tooth Ache remedy, prepared by him at 140 Wood Street, Pittsburg, Pa. and for sale at Rupp & Oster's in this place will stop immediately an aching tooth. Whoever tries it will be convinced.

Dec. 8, 1854.

DOCTOR YOURSELF!

The Pocket Æsculapius; or every one his own Physician.

The 50th Edition, with one hundred engravings, showing Diseases and Malformations of the human system in every form and shape. To which is added a Treatise on the Diseases of Females, being of the highest importance to married people, or those contemplating marriage. By WM. YOUNG, M. D.

Let no father be ashamed to present a copy of the ÆSCULAPIUS to his child; it may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life without reading the POCKET ÆCULAPIUS. Let no one suffering from a hacknied Cough, Pain in the Side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their physician, be another moment without consulting the ÆSCULAPIUS. Have the married, or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death.

☞Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE GENTS enclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this work by mail, or five copies will be sent for One Dollar.

Address, (post paid,) Dr. WM. YOUNG,
No. 152 Spruce St., Philadelphia.

June 1, 1855.—1y.

Cooking Stoves.

On hand and just receiving a lot of new paterns of Cooking Stoves, for wood and coal, at

BLYMIRES.

In addition to his former stock, the subscriber has received a splendid assortment of Brass, Bell Mettle, Iron and English Kettles, which will please all in want of the article,—also a variety of other articles useful for house keepers. He has also on hand a lot of pump chains and fixtures, all of which will be sold low for cash, or on a short credit.

GEORGE BLYMIRE.

May 19, 1854.

"Fellow Citizens!"

Do you want to *leave your measure* for a FASHIONABLE SUIT OF CLOTHES, warranted to give satisfaction in STYLE, QUALITY, FIT and MAKE? Do you want to see a *large and splendid Stock of*

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,

and other seasonable goods for *MEN'S WARE!* Do you want to see a *fine assortment of* COATS, PANTS and VESTS, gotten up in a style not inferior to the best ordered work? Do you want Under Garments of the *"right stripe,"* or FURNISHING ARTICLES that *"can't be beat,"* or

BOY'S CLOTHING

for your Sons? In short, if you want *all* or *any* of these things so essential to the adornment and comfort of the "outer man," call on

STEPHEN'S, Merchant Tailor,

McKaig's Row, Baltimore Street (next door to Campbell's Drug Store,) Cumberland, Md.

☞If you want an OUTFIT of

CHEAP READY-MADE CLOTHING,

I would advise you to call at the RAILROAD CLOTHING STORE, near the Depot.

May 19, 1854—1y.

FASHIONABLE TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

The subscriber would announce to his old friends and customers, and the public in general, that he has permanently located himself in Juliana Street, next door to Dr. REAMER'S Drug & Book Store, where he is prepared to execute all orders in his line in a superior manner, on reasonable terms. From long experience in the business, he feels confident he can render satisfaction to all who honor him with a call.

He constantly keeps on hand ready-made clothing, of every description, for Men and Boys—also, a superior assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CASSINETTS, SILK, SATIN, and other VESTINGS, and Summer Wear, which he will sell as low as they can be bought elsewhere, and make them up to the taste of the purchaser.

He also keeps a general assortment of Cravats, Stocks, Collars, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, &c.

He hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

WM. SCHAFFER.

June 9, 1854.

TO THE MILLINERY TRADE.

JOHN STONE & SONS,

Importers and Dealers in

FRENCH MILLINERY GOODS,

No. 45 South Second Street, PHILADELPHIA,

Are now prepared to offer their customers and the trade an unusually large and well selected assortment of RIBBONS, SATINS, VELVETS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, LACES, and every other article appertaining to the Millinery trade.

☞Our stock being of our own direct importation, offers great advantages both in styles and prices.

Oct. 13, 1854.—1y.

CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE.

The Great Purifier of the Blood!

NOT A PARTICLE OF MERCURY IN IT.

Let the Afflicted Read and Ponder!

An Infallible Remedy for Scrofula, King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Postules on the Face, Blotches, Boils, Ague and Fever, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Disorders, Lumbago, Spinal Complaints, and all Diseases arising from an Injudicious Use of Mercury, Imprudence in Life, or Impurity of the Blood.

☞This great alterative medicine and Purifier of the Blood is now used by thousands of grateful patients from all parts of the United States, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, "CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE." Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions on the Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affections of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Pains and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this great and inestimable remedy.

For all Diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone to the Stomach, makes the skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution, enfeebled by disease or broken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength.

For the Ladies, it is incomparably better than all the cosmetics ever used. A few doses of CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE will remove all sallowness of complexion, bring the roses mantling to the cheek, give elasticity to the step, and improve the general health in a remarkable degree, beyond all the medicines ever heard of.

The large number of certificates which we have received from persons from all parts of the United States, is the best evidence that there is no Humbug about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians, and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the wonderful effects of this GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Call on the AGENT and get a Circular and Almanac, and read the wonderful cures this truly greatest of all medicines has performed.

None genuine unless signed WILLIAM S. BEERS, & Co., Proprietors, No. 304 Broadway, New York.

Sold by Dr. F. C. REAMER, Bedford; J. M. BARNDOLLAR, Bloody Run; A. B. BUNN, Schellsburg, and by Dealers in Medicines everywhere. Oct. 20, 1854.—1y.

LIVER COMPLAINT,

Dyspepsia, Jaundice,

Chronic or Nervous Debility, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver or Stomach.

Such as Constipation, inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits,

CAN BE EFFECTUALLY CURED BY

DR. HOOFLAND'S

CELEBRATED GERMAN BITTERS,

Prepared by

DR. C. M. JACKSON,

No. 120 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled, if equalled, by any other preparation in the United States, as the cures attest, in many cases after skilful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are, withal, safe, certain and pleasant.

READ AND BE CONVINCED.

J. D. SPRING, Laceyville, Pa., April 6, 1854, says: "I can get you some good certificates for your German Bitters in this vicinity if you wish them. A lady purchasing some of it this week, says that it is by far the best medicine she ever knew, having done her and her daughmuch good, &c."

S. B. LAWSON, Benfard's Store, Somerset Co., Pa., August 15, 1853, says: "I am much attached to your German Bitters, having used two bottles of it, which I procured from S. Kurtz, your agent at Somerset, and found great relief from in disease of the Liver. I find it has great effect upon my lungs, strengthening and invigorating them, which, as I am a public speaker, is a great help to me."

DR. GILES, Newton Hamilton, Pa., May, 1851, said: I have used myself half a dozen bottles of your German Bitters for Liver complaint and diseases of a nervous character, resulting from the abuse of mercury. I was poisoned and afflicted with spasms from the use of this latter article. The German Bitters is the first article from which I obtained any relief. I have also given the article to many dyspeptics, with the most salutary result. I think as many more bottles will cure me."

J. C. YOUNG, Esq., of Dauphin, Pa., writes May 5, 1851: "I was afflicted with General Debility, Intestinal weakness and Costiveness, for which I used many different remedies without relief. I at last used your Hoofland's German Bitters. I took a few bottles according to directions, and was completely cured. I have not been so healthy for ten years as I have been since I took your Bitters, which is about one year ago."

The Bitters are ENTIRELY VEGETABLE, always strengthening the system and never prostrating it.

Sold by dealers in medicine and storekeepers everywhere. And by

Dr. F. C. Reamer, Bedford, Pa.

Oct. 20, 1854.—1y.

New Drug & Book Store.

We wish it distinctly understood by this community and country, that we pay particular attention to the selection of our Drugs and Medicines, purchasing none but the *very best* and *purest articles*. We have for sale cheap all the approved popular patent medicines, *Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Medicines*, Pain Killer, and all the Sarsaparillas. Also Lubin's Extracts for the Handkerchief, fancy soaps, colognes, pommades, ox marrow, &c. We also keep constantly on hand a general assortment of *School & Miscellaneous Books*, Blank Books, Cap and Post Paper, &c., &c., &c. In fact, if you want anything in the Drug, Medicine, Book, Soap or Brush line, call at the New Drug and Book Store and you *shall* be accommodated.

B. F. HARRY.

Jan. 13, 1854.

MENGEL HOUSE.

THE subscriber having removed to the Mengle HOUSE, in the Borough of Bedford, recently in the occupancy of Mr. Isaac Mengle, respectfully announces to his old friends, and the public generally, that he is fully prepared to accommodate all who honor him with a call, and hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of custom. He will make it his study to render comfortable all who stop with him—and he invites Travellers, Movers, Drovers, and persons attending Court to give him a trial.

His stabling is of the best quality, and competent to accommodate a large number of horses, and it will always be attended by an obliging and attentive hostler.

Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month, or year, on reasonable terms.

Determined to spare neither pains nor expense to make his house what it should be, he confidently relies upon the public for a generous support.

JAMES S. BECKWITH.

March 31, 1854.

KEAGY'S FOUNDRY!

The subscribers respectfully beg leave to inform the people of Middle Woodberry Township, and the country at large, that they are now prepared, at their establishment, one mile south of Woodberry, Bedford County, to furnish four-horse Threshing Machines, Pierponts' Patent Shaker, Cider Mills, Ploughs of every description, Keagy's Cooking Stoves, two different patterns, and two different patterns of Coal Stoves—Plough Castings, Wagon Boxes of all sizes, and cast Dinner Bells of three different sizes—also, Mill Castings of every variety. We are also prepared to fit up Machinery in the best and most durable style, and will give prompt attention to all orders in this line.

The public are respectfully invited to give us a call, as we feel satisfied that both our work and terms will please all who do so.

J. M. SNOWDEN,
WM. B. BLAKE,

Oct. 27, 1854. *Proprietors.*

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

The subscriber has on hand a large assortment of LUMBER of the best quality, among which is 100,000 Shingles, of different kinds; 75,000 feet of superior Boards, and a splendid lot of Locust Posts. Builders, and others in want of Lumber, will find it to their advantage to examine his large assortment.

F. D. BEEGLE.

Jan. 14, 1853.

GUN SMITHING.

DANIEL B. BORDER respectfully informs the citizens of Bedford and vicinty that he has removed his shop to the house in the east end of Bedford, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh, where he is prepared to manufacture *Double and Single barrel Rifles* and *Double and Single barrel Shot Guns* of the best quality.

☞All repairing of guns, locks, &c., done with neatness and despatch.

May 26, 1854.

Life Insurance.

Key Stone Mutual Life Insurance Company of Harrisburg, Pa., has a Guarantee Capital of $75,000.

President, Hon. LUTHER REILEY, M. D. Pamphlets, Circulars and all necessary information can be obtained by calling at the office of the subscriber, authorized agent for Bedford County.

C. N. HICKOK, Agent.

SAMUEL D. SCOTT, M. D. Medical Examiner.

October 10, 1851.

GLOBE HOTEL,

West Pitt Street, Bedford, Pennsylvania.

VALENTINE STECKMAN, *Proprietor.*

April 7, 1854.—1y.*

TIN & COPPER WARE.

THE subscriber is prepared to furnish, wholesale and retail, Tin and Copper Ware in great variety, on the most reasonable terms.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

A MIRACLE OF SCIENCE!

DR. C. L. KELLING, of Mechanicsburgh, Cumberland Co. Pa. announces to those afflicted with Tumors, Wens, Cancers, Polypus, Lapus, Moles or Marks, Scrofula or King's Evil; and all diseases that have been usually treated with Caustic or Knife, he can remove them without cutting, burning or pain; neither Chloroform or Ether is administered to the patient. It is no matter on what part of the body they are he can remove them with perfect safety, and in a remarkably short time. No Mineral or Vegetable poison, is applied; and no money required until a cure is perfected.

Prolapsis Uteri, Female complaints, Chronic Venereal and all other diseases treated with positive success. Full particulars can be obtained by addressing in either English or German post paid. Patients can be accommodated with Board on reasonable terms.

Mechanicsburg is one of the prettiest and healthly towns in this or any other State. It is 8 miles from Harrisburg on the C. V. R. R. and accessible from all parts of the Union.

The Dr. will visit cases in any part of the State when desired.

Kind reader if you know of any afflicted fellow-creature, delay not, to tell them of this treatment.

March 2, 1855.—6m.*

COACH AND WAGON FACTORY.

The undersigned having entered into partnership in the above business, would anuounce to the citizens of Bedford County that they are now prepared, at their Shop at the East End of this Borough, to furnish CARRIAGES and BUGGIES, of every style and price; also, COACHES, WAGONS, and PLOUGHS. BLACKSMITH work of every description executed to order, on the shortest notice, at their shop adjoining the Coach Factory.

Determined to keep none but the best of workmen in their employ, and to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the State, they hope to receive liberal encouragement.

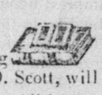
☞Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for work and the highest prices allowed. We respectfully invite the public to give us a call.

WM. WEISEL,
JOHN FOSTER.

Bedford, Feb. 3, 1854.

Drugs and Books.

DR. F. C. REAMER



Having purchased the Drug and Book Store of Dr. S. D. Scott, will constantly keep on hand at his establishment in Julianna Street, a complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes of all kinds, Patent Medicines, Lamps, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c. &c. together with an extensive collection of School and Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books, Common and Fancy Stationery, &c. which he offers at greatly reduced prices for cash. Bedford, Feb. 17, 1854.

Dr. B. F. Harry

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

June 24, 1853.

WM. P. SCHELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL attend faithfully to all legal business entrusted to his care *in the Counties of Bedford and Fulton.*

Bedford, Nov. 1, 1847.

C. N. HICKOK, Dentist.

OFFICE on Pitt-street, nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, Bedford, Pa. Teeth plugged, Regulated, &c. and artificial teeth inserted from one to an entire set. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted. *Terms.—CASH.*

Bedford, May 3, 1850.

Bedford Hotel,

And General Stage Office.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, at present in the occupancy of Col. Adam Barnhart, and will take possession on the 1st day of April next. It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The House will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged. Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

☞*All the STAGES stop at this Hotel.*

JOHN HAFER.

March 16, 1855.

DR. WM. BURCH

Having permanently located in Pattonsville, Bedford County, respectfully tenders his services to the public in the line of his profession.

Pattonsville, March 3, 1853—1y.

NOTICE!

The subscriber is anxious to close his old Books up to April 1, 1855, and hopes all interested will give immediate attention to this notice. In cases where it is not convenient to make immediate payment, notes will be taken on reasonable time.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

April 13, 1855.

P. A. HEALEY & BRO.,

Wholesale Druggists,

AND DEALERS IN

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, VARNISHES, DYE-Stuffs, Spices, Patent Medicines, &c.,

Cumberland, Md.

☞*Orders from Physicians and Merchants filled with pure and unadulterated articles, at Baltimore prices.*

June 9, 1854—1y.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION WAREHOUSE

Chambersburg, Pennsylvania.

THE subscribers are prepared at all times to carry Produce of every description and Merchandize to and from Philadelphia and Baltimore, on the most reasonable terms. The highest price paid at all times for all kinds of country Produce.

☞Receiving Depots, BUZBY & CO. 365 Market street, Philadelphia.—JOHN BIGHAN, Baltimore, No. 151 H street.

C. W. EYSTER & CO.

Feb. 9, 1855—6m.*

Two and Four Horse Thrashing Machines,

made of the very best material, and in the best workman-like manner, constantly on hand and for sale at the Machine Shop of

PETER H. SHIRES, Bedford, Pa.

His Machines are greatly improved to the advantage of the FARMER. Also horse Rakes for raking hay and gleaning grain fields—Cutting Boxes, Cultivators, Single and Double Shovel Ploughs—all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms and warranted to give satisfaction.

☞FARMERS and others will do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere

Reparing of all kinds of Machines and Farming utensils done at the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

PETER H. SHIRES,
Machinist.

June 29, 1855.—4m.

A Family Carriage

FOR SALE OR TRADE.

The owner having no use for it, will sell, on fair terms, an excellent Family Carriage, newly fitted up, intended for either one or two horses, and having all the necessary fixtures.—An excellent sett of new Brass mounted harness may be had with the carriage, if desired. It will be sold on time, for cash, or exchanged for grain. Enquire at the office of the Bedford Gazette. July 27, 1855.

John P. Reed,

Attorney at Law, Bedford, Pennsylvania,

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public.

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Feb. 20, 1852.

JOHN R. EDIE, Attorney at Law,

WILL hereafter regularly attend the sittings of the courts of this county. During the terms of Court he may be consulted professionally at the Hotel of Maj. Davis.

Bedford, Feb. 17, 1854.

Cessna & Shannon,

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. ☞Office nearly opposite the Post Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Oct. 26, 1849.

HUMMEL'S ESSENCE OF COFFEE.

EVERY ONE who has used Hummel's Essence of Coffee, knows that one package will go as far as 4 pounds of the best Java Coffee, and coffee made by this Essence will preserve perfectly the real taste of Java coffee, but will have a more delicate and finer flavor, a finer color, and will certainly be much wholesomer for every person than pure Java Coffee.

☞For sale at Dr. B. F. HARRY'S new Drug and Book Store. Oct. 7, 1853.

OLD PEWTER & COPPER WANTED.

THE highest price, in cash or trade, allowed for old Pewter and Copper.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

Sept. 9, 1853.

CAUTION.

All persons are cautioned against trespassing upon the Poor House Farm, either by hunting, fishing, or otherwise, as the law will be rigidly enforced against all who do so, without respect to persons. And notice is hereby given that no cows will hereafter be taken to pasture. By order of the Directors.

WM. F. MOREHEAD,
Steward.

June 22.

NOTICE.

The Partnership heretofore existing between Thomas and John King, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having unsettled accounts with them, are requested to attend to their liquidation without delay.

THOMAS KING,
JOHN KING.

June 1, 1854.

Having this day associated Henry S. King, of the City of Pittsburg, with us in the business of manufacturing Iron, the business will be conducted under the name and firm of John King & Co.

THOMAS KING,
JOHN KING.

June 9, 1854.

STOVES!

ON hand, and for sale, a superior lot of Cooking, Ten Plate, Parlor, and Church Stoves.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

Wm. Henry Leas,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Fort Desmoines, Iowa,

WILL give special attention to locating lands—investing money—paying taxes—making collections, &c., &c.

☞*Refers to Gen. Bowman and Hon. Job Mann.* Sept. 8, 1854.

TO BUILDERS.

The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths. Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford County, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

Nov. 24, 1854.

DR. F. C. REAMER

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Feb. 17, 1854.

Jas. K. Hallam

Would announce to his friends and the public that he has purchased the entire Store of the late James M. Gibson, and intends to continue business at the old stand. He has on hand an assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Teas, Segars, Jewelry, &c. &c. together with Confectionaries of every description. In a short time he will replenish his stock, so as to make it an inducement to purchasers to give him a call.—He has on hand a good supply of FLOUR, and will make every effort to accommodate the people in this line of his business, either wholesale or retail. He will also keep Bacon, Fish, Salt, Molasses, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Brooms, Brushes, Patent medicines, Drugs, Dye-stuffs, and every article usually kept in a retail store.

☞PAPER HANGING and UPHOLSTERING will be attended to as usual with promptness and despatch—and he would take this occasion to say that he has now on hand, and will furnish to order, on the most favorable terms, every description of WALL PAPER and BORDERING.

By unremitting attention to business, and a disposition to please, he hopes to merit and receive liberal encouragement.

Bedford, April 6, 1855.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE

AND FANCY GOODS.

A Choice Assortment of the Finest Quality For Sale at the Lowest Cash Prices, at

WM. B. ELTONHEAD'S,

No. 184 South Second Street, between Pine and Union, West Side, PHILADELPHIA.

The assortment embraces a *Large and Select Stock of Fine Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Albata Ware, plated with fine Silver, in Spoons, Forks, Ladles, &c. —Jet Goods, Fans and Fancy Articles* of a superior quality, deserving the examination of those who desire to procure the *best goods* at the *Lowest Cash Prices.*

Having a *practical knowledge* of the business, and all available facilities for Importing and Manufacturing, the subscriber confidently invites purchasers, believing that he can supply them on terms as favorable as any other establishment in either of the Atlantic Cities.

☞All kinds of Diamond and Pearl Jewelry and Silver Ware manufactured to order, within a reasonable time.

☞Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware *faithfully repaired.* WM. B. ELTONHEAD,

No. 184 South Second Street, a few doors above the Second Street Market, West Side.

☞In the South Window of the Store may be seen the famous BIRD CLOCK, which commands the admiration of the scientific and curious.

Oct. 13, 1854.—1y.

Private Sale of Valuable Property.

The subscriber will sell, at private sale, his valuable property, situate in Boydstown, about half a mile west of the Borough of Bedford, on the turnpike road, consisting of two Dwelling Houses, a Black-smith and Wagon maker Shop, and all necessary outbuildings. There are two lots and a half of ground attached, on which are a number of fine fruit trees. This property is every way desirable, and purchasers would do well to examine it.

JACOB SEMLER.

May 25, 1855.

DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP.—Here is another notice of a preparation bearing the above name. We would say to our readers, try it, and you will not be disappointed. It may be had at Rupp & Oster's in this place.

From the Pittsburg Morning Post, Sept. 21, 1853.

KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP.—We have tried this medicine for a severe cold, and can truly say we have never found any remedy so pleasant and effectual. It is an expectorant, yet does not sicken the stomach; and it prevents costiveness. It is very highly recommended by physicians and others who have tried it, as a speedy and effectual cure for Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Croup, Quinsy, and numerous other complaints of the Bronchial Organs and Lungs. We can sately recommend it as an excellent remedy.

HARDWARE STORE.

The subscriber having purchased the entire stock of HARDWARE of the late Thomas B. Miller, in the Borough of Bedford, would respectfully announce to his friends and the public generally, that he is now prepared to furnish almost every articlein his line of business, on favorable terms. His stock being nearly all new, and selected by one well experienced in the business, he is fully satisfied that purchasers will find it to their advantage to give him a call. In addition to a general stock of Hardware, he has on hand, and will constantly keep GROCERIES of the very best quality—GLASS of all sizes—also, STONEWARE of a very superior quality. He has also on hand all kinds of Oils, Paints, Drugs, Brooms, &c., &c., and Cedar Ware in great variety.

Having now permanently settled in business, and being determided to use every proper exertion to please, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

JOHN ARNOLD.

Dec. 22, 1854.

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS!

The subscribers having purchased the entire Stock of Goods of Geo. W. Horn, in the town of Schellsburg, beg leave to announce to the public generally, that they have now on hand, and will continue to keep, a large and well selected assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, Tinware, Oils, Drugs, Fish, Molasses, and, in fact, every article usually found in Country Stores, to which they invite the attention of purchasers, satisfied that they can give satisfaction to all who give them a call.

The highest price will be paid for Hides, and for all kinds of Grain. Lumber and Produce, of every description, will be taken in exchange for Goods, at the highest prices. All kinds of Leather will be kept at the Store for sale. Give us a call.

A. J. SNIVELY,
JAMES BURNS, Jr.

Jan. 5, 1855.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber would respectfully announce to the public that he has removed his Tinning Establishment to the building recently occupied by Mr. Luther, as a Confectionary Store, in the Diamond, where he is better prepared than ever to accommodate his customers with every article in the line of his business, either wholesale or retail, and hopes they will give him a call at his new location.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

Bedford, April 6, 1855.

NOTICE:—The undersigned expecting to be absent in the West for some length of time, would say that his business will be left in the hands of Jacob S. Schell, where all interested will call and attend to their own and my interest. JOHN H. SCHELL.

Schellsburg, May 11, 1855.

ISAAC HUGUS, Attorney at Law.

WILL hereafter regularly attend the sittings of the Courts of this county.—During the terms of the Court he may be consulted professionally at the Hotel of Maj. Davis.

Bedford, March 10, 1854.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

JOB MANN. G. H. SPANG.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN.
G. H. SPANG.

June 2, 1854.

D. K. WUNDERLICH. E. F. NEAD.

Wunderlich & Nead,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

North Second Street, opposite the Cumberland Valley Rail Road Depot,

CHAMBERSBURG.

☞They are at all times prepared to carry all kinds of Produce to, and Merchandise, &c., from Philadelphia and Baltimore, at the shortest notice.

***They will also purchase Flour, Grain, &c., at market price.

COAL, LUMBER, SALT, FISH, GUANO, and PLASTER on hand and for sale low.

June 10, 1853.

Henry S. King,

(Of the late Firm of King & Moorhead,)

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN PIG METAL, BLOOMS,

Western Produce, &c. &c. &c.

No. 76, Water Street, below Market,

Pittsburg, Pa.

The undersigned will continue the Commission Business at the above place; and having provided himself with suitable conveniences for the storage of Pig Metal, Blooms, Produce, &c. is now prepared to receive consignments.

By long experience in the business, and by constant attention, he hopes to merit a generous share of trade, which he respectfully solicits.

HENRY S. KING.

April 27, 1855.

JOSEPH W. TATE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

REAL ESTATE BROKER,

BOUNTY LAND, AND CLAIM AGENT,

Has for sale FOUR FARMS and 10,000 acres of unimproved Land. ☞Liberal advances made. Land Warrants bought and sold.

☞Office in Julianna street.

Bedford, May 11, 1855—6m.

Dr. JOS. KEEFFE

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Schellsburg and vicinity. ☞Office on Main Street. Sept. 21, 1855.